

DRAFT REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS
FOR
FIRM CAPACITY RENEWABLE DISPATCHABLE GENERATION
ISLAND OF MAUI

OCTOBER 23, 2017

Docket No. 2017-0352

Appendix K – Ground Lease



**Maui
Electric**

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Attachments:

- Exhibit A** Legal Description
- Exhibit B** Estoppel Certificate
- Exhibit C** Tenant's Share of Private Roadway and Subdivision Improvements
- Exhibit D** Guaranty

DRAFT 10-19-17

GROUND LEASE

BETWEEN

MAUI ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED

as Landlord

AND

as Tenant

FOR PREMISES LOCATED AT:

8001 Pulehu Road
Wailuku, Maui, Hawaii

TMK No. (2) 3-8-003: 023 & 024 (por.)
[Subject to change upon completion of subdivision]

[This form of Ground Lease is included in the Request for Proposals for general information only. Landlord reserves the right to revise the Ground Lease to conform to, among other things, the location of the Premises and the Project.]

GROUND LEASE

THIS GROUND LEASE (the “**Lease**”) is made and entered into as of _____, 20__ (the “**Commencement Date**”), between **MAUI ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED**, a Hawaii corporation (“**Landlord**”), and _____, a _____ (“**Tenant**”).

Recitals:

(a) At the Commencement Date, Landlord owns the following real property (collectively, the “**Premises**”): (i) the land described in **Exhibit A**, consisting of approximately _____ acres of land (the “**Land**”) together with an easement over a shared roadway (the “**Private Roadway**”); (ii) all buildings, structures, and other improvements and appurtenances located on the Land other than any buildings, structures and other improvements or appurtenances that may have been constructed by on or behalf of Tenant prior to the commencement date; and (iii) the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of Landlord in and to the Land. The Land consists of one lot in a project consisting of multiple lots known as the New Central Maui Generation Site Subdivision (the “**Subdivision**”).

(b) Landlord and Tenant have entered into a Power Purchase Agreement for Renewable Firm Dispatchable Capacity and Energy dated as of _____, 20__ between Landlord, as Company, and Tenant, as Seller, as it may be Modified (the “**Power Purchase Agreement**”).

(c) In connection with the Power Purchase Agreement, and in order to fulfill its obligations under the Power Purchase Agreement, Tenant desires to lease the Premises from Landlord, and Landlord is willing to lease the Premises to Tenant.

Agreements:

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, Landlord leases and demises the Premises to Tenant, and Tenant takes and hires the Premises from Landlord, subject only to Permitted Exceptions, for the Term, upon the terms and conditions of this Lease.

1. DEFINITIONS

1.1 **Terms not Defined in Lease.** Capitalized terms not defined in this Lease have the meanings given in the Power Purchase Agreement, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. For example, the following terms used in this Lease are defined in the Power Purchase Agreement: “Extension Term,” “Facility,” “Financing Parties” and “Good Engineering and Operating Practices.”

1.2 **Terms Defined in Lease.** The following definitions apply in this Lease.

“Additional Rent” means all sums that this Lease requires Tenant to pay Landlord or a third party, whether or not expressly called Additional Rent, except Fixed Rent.

“Affiliate” of any specified Person means any other Person Controlling or Controlled by or under common Control with such specified Person. *“Affiliated”* shall have the correlative meaning.

“Application” means any agreement, application, certificate, document, or submission (or amendment of any of the foregoing):

(a) necessary or appropriate for any Construction this Lease allows, including any application for any building permit, certificate of occupancy, utility service or hookup, easement, covenant, condition, restriction, subdivision plat, or such other instrument as Tenant may from time to time reasonably request for such Construction;

(b) to allow Tenant to obtain any abatement, deferral, or other benefit otherwise available for Real Estate Taxes;

(c) to enable Tenant from time to time to seek any Approval or to use and operate the Premises in accordance with this Lease; or

(d) otherwise reasonably necessary and appropriate to permit Tenant to realize the benefits of the Premises under this Lease.

“Approvals” means any and all licenses, permits (including building, demolition, alteration, use, and special permits), approvals, consents, certificates (including certificate(s) of occupancy), rulings, variances, authorizations, or amendments to any of the foregoing as shall be necessary or appropriate under any Law to commence, perform, or complete any Construction, or for the zoning, rezoning (to the extent this Lease allows), use, occupancy, maintenance, or operation of the Premises, including approval of the State Public Utilities Commission.

“Bankruptcy Law” means Title 11, United States Code, and any other or successor state or federal statute relating to assignment for the benefit of creditors, appointment of a receiver or trustee, bankruptcy, composition, insolvency, moratorium, reorganization, or similar matters.

“Bankruptcy Proceeding” means any proceeding, whether voluntary or involuntary, under any Bankruptcy Law.

“Bankruptcy Sale” means a sale of any property, or any interest in any property, under 11 U.S.C. §363 or otherwise in any bankruptcy, insolvency, or similar proceeding affecting the owner of such property.

“**Baseline Assessment**” means a [Phase I and/or Phase II] Environmental Report dated _____, 20__ made by _____, revealing the environmental conditions of the Land and Premises as of the Commencement Date.

“**Business Day**” means any weekday on which State-chartered banks are open to conduct regular banking business with bank personnel.

“**Casualty**” means any damage or destruction of any kind or nature, ordinary or extraordinary, foreseen or unforeseen, affecting any or all Improvements, whether or not insured or insurable.

“**Casualty Termination**” means a termination of this Lease because of a Substantial Casualty, when and as this Lease expressly allows such a termination. Tenant’s election of a Casualty Termination shall not be effective without Leasehold Mortgagee’s consent.

“**Certifying Party**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 23.1 hereof.

“**Clean-up**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 10.11.1 hereof.

“**Common Areas**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3 hereof.

“**Condemnation**” means: (a) any temporary or permanent taking of (or of the right to use or occupy) any Premises by condemnation, eminent domain, or any similar proceeding; or (b) any action by any Government not resulting in an actual transfer of an interest in (or of the right to use or occupy) any Premises but creating a right to compensation, such as a change in grade of any street upon which the Premises abut.

“**Condemnation Award**” means any award(s) paid or payable (whether or not in a separate award) to either party or its mortgagee after the Commencement Date because of or as compensation for any Condemnation, including: (a) any award made for any improvements that are the subject of the Condemnation; (b) the full amount paid or payable by the condemning authority for the estate that is the subject of the Condemnation, as determined in Condemnation; (c) any interest on such award; and (d) any other sums payable on account of such Condemnation, including for any prepayment premium under any mortgage.

“**Condemnation Effective Date**” means, for any Condemnation, the first date when the condemning authority has acquired title to or possession of any Premises subject to the Condemnation.

“**Confidential Information**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 26.1 hereof.

“**Construction**” means any alteration, construction, demolition, development, expansion, reconstruction, redevelopment, repair, Restoration, or other work affecting any Improvements, including the Facility and any other new construction.

“**Contest**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 12.1 hereof.

“**Contest Conditions**” shall have the meaning set forth in 12.1 hereof.

“**Contest Security**” shall have the meaning set forth in 12.1.1 hereof.

“**Control**” means possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, whether by ownership of Equity Interests, by contract, or otherwise.

“**County**” means the County of Maui.

“**CPI**” means the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics “Consumer Price Index” for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) published for Honolulu, with a base of 1982-1984 = 100. If the CPI ceases to be published, with no successor index, then the parties shall reasonably agree upon a reasonable substitute index. The CPI for any date means the CPI last published before the calendar month that includes such date.

“**CPI Adjustment Factor**” means, as of any date, the greater of (a) 1.00 or (b) the CPI for such date divided by the CPI for the Commencement Date.

“**Default**” means any Monetary Default or Nonmonetary Default.

“**Default Interest**” means interest at an annual percentage rate per annum equal to the average daily Prime Rate for the period in question plus four (4) percentage points.

“**Depository**” means an FDIC insured financial institution with its principal office in the State, designated by a Leasehold Mortgagee (or, if no Leasehold Mortgage exists, then by Landlord).

“**Discovered Items**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 25.1 hereof.

“**Environmental Law**” means any Law regarding the following at, in, under, above, or upon the Premises: (a) air, environmental, ground water, or soil conditions; or (b) clean-up, control, disposal, generation, storage, release, transportation, or use of, or liability or standards of conduct concerning, Hazardous Substances.

“**Environmental Report**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 10.11.1 hereof.

“Equity Interest” means all or any part of any direct or indirect equity or ownership interest(s) (whether stock, partnership interest, beneficial interest in a trust, membership interest, or other interest of an ownership or equity nature) in any entity at any tier of ownership that directly or indirectly owns or holds any ownership or equity interest in Tenant.

“Estoppel Certificate” means a statement, addressed either to Landlord or Tenant or as directed, in substantially the form of **Exhibit B**, and containing other assurances as Landlord or Tenant reasonably requests.

“Event of Default” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 19.1 hereof.

“Expiration Date” means the date when this Lease terminates or expires in accordance with its terms, whether on the Scheduled Expiration Date, by Landlord’s exercise of remedies for an Event of Default, or otherwise.

“Facility” means the Facility as described in the Power Purchase Agreement, as it may be Restored, modified, expanded or changed from time to time.

“Fee Debt Service” means all payments required from time to time under any Fee Mortgage, including principal, interest, late charges, costs of collection, reimbursement of protective advances, and any other sums any Fee Mortgage secures.

“Fee Estate” means Landlord’s fee estate in the Premises, including Landlord’s reversionary interest in the Premises after the Expiration Date.

“Fee Mortgage” means any mortgage, collateral assignment, or other lien (as modified from time to time) encumbering all or part of the Fee Estate.

“Fee Mortgagee” means a holder of a Fee Mortgage (and its successors and assigns).

“Fixed Rent” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.1 hereof.

“Foreclosure Event” means any: (a) foreclosure sale (or assignment in lieu of foreclosure, Bankruptcy Sale, or similar transfer) affecting the Leasehold Estate; or (b) Leasehold Mortgagee’s exercise of any other right or remedy under a Leasehold Mortgage (or applicable Law) that divests Tenant of its Leasehold Estate.

“GET” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.8 hereof.

“Government” means each and every governmental agency, authority, bureau, department, quasi-governmental body, or other entity or instrumentality having or claiming jurisdiction over the Premises (or any activity this Lease allows), including the United States government, the State and County governments and their subdivisions and

municipalities, and all other applicable governmental agencies, authorities, and subdivisions thereof. "Government" shall also include any land use commission, planning commission, board of standards and appeals, department of buildings, city council, zoning board of appeals, or similar body having or claiming jurisdiction over the Premises or any activities on or at the Premises.

"Guarantor" means _____.

"Hazardous Substances" includes flammable substances, explosives, radioactive materials, asbestos, asbestos-containing materials, polychlorinated biphenyls, chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, pollutants, contaminants, hazardous wastes, medical wastes, toxic substances or related materials, petroleum and petroleum products, and any "hazardous" or "toxic" material, substance or waste that is defined by those or similar terms or is regulated as such under any Law, including any material, substance or waste that is: (a) defined as a "hazardous substance" under Section 311 of the Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. §1317), as amended; (b) defined as a "hazardous waste" under Section 1004 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. §6901, et seq., as amended; (c) defined as a "hazardous substance" or "hazardous waste" under Section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Reauthorization Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §9601 et seq. or any so-called "superfund" or "superlien" law; (d) defined as a "pollutant" or "contaminant" under 42 U.S.C. §9601(33); (e) defined as "hazardous waste" under 40 C.F.R. Part 260; (f) defined as a "hazardous chemical" under 29 C.F.R. Part 1910; or (g) subject to any other Law regulating, relating to or imposing obligations, liability or standards of conduct concerning protection of human health, plant life, animal life, natural resources, property or the enjoyment of life or property free from the presence in the environment of any solid, liquid, gas, odor or any form of energy from whatever source.

"Hazardous Substances Claims" means (a) any actual, alleged or threatened Hazardous Substances Discharge; (b) any and all enforcement, cleanup, removal, mitigation, remediation or other Government actions instituted, contemplated or threatened pursuant to Environmental Law affecting the Premises; and (c) all claims made or threatened by any third party against Tenant or the Premises relating to damage, contribution, cost recovery, compensation, loss or injury resulting from any Hazardous Substances.

"Hazardous Substances Discharge" means any deposit, discharge, generation, release, or spill of Hazardous Substances that occurs at or from the Premises, or into the Land, or that arises at any time from the use, occupancy, or operation of the Premises or any activities conducted therein or any adjacent or nearby real property, or resulting from seepage, leakage, or other transmission of Hazardous Substances from other real property to the Land, whether or not caused by a party to this Lease and whether occurring before or after the Commencement Date.

“**Immaterial Loss**” means a Casualty or Condemnation whose estimated cost to Restore or value does not exceed \$_____ times the CPI Adjustment Factor.

“**Improvements**” means all buildings, structures, and other improvements and appurtenances located or to be located on the Land from time to time, including the Facility.

“**Indemnify**” means, where this Lease states that any Indemnitor shall “Indemnify” any Indemnitee from, against, or for a particular matter (the “**Indemnified Risk**”), that the Indemnitor shall indemnify the Indemnitee and defend and hold the Indemnitee harmless from and against any and all loss, cost, claims, liability, penalties, judgments, damages, and other injury, detriment, or expense (including Legal Costs, interest and penalties) that the Indemnitee suffers or incurs: (a) from, as a result of, or on account of the Indemnified Risk; or (b) in enforcing the Indemnitor’s indemnity. Counsel retained by Indemnitor to fulfill its obligation to defend Indemnitee(s) shall be subject to Indemnitee’s approval, not to be unreasonably withheld.

“**Indemnitee**” means any party entitled to be Indemnified under this Lease and its agents, directors, employees, Equity Interest holders, mortgagees, and officers.

“**Indemnitor**” means a party that agrees to Indemnify any other Person.

“**Initial Term**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.1 hereof.

“**Insubstantial Condemnation**” means any Condemnation except a Substantial Condemnation, a Temporary Condemnation, or an Immaterial Loss.

“**Landlord**” initially means the Landlord named in the opening paragraph of this Lease. After every transfer of the Fee Estate, “Landlord” means only the owner(s) of the Fee Estate at the time in question. If any former Landlord no longer has any interest in the Fee Estate or a Transfer of the Fee Estate occurs, the Transferor (including a Fee Mortgagee, or anyone acting for a Fee Mortgagee, that has acquired and then disposed of the Fee Estate) shall be and hereby is entirely freed and relieved of all obligations of Landlord under this Lease accruing from and after the date of such Transfer.

“**Land Use Conditions**” means the covenants, conditions and restrictions set forth in: (1) Zoning Ordinance 2841 of the County of Maui, as reflected in related Unilateral Agreement and Declaration for Conditional Zoning dated June 16, 2000 and recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 2000-085696; and (2) Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision and Order dated June 22, 1998, issued by the Land Use Commission of the State of Hawaii in Docket No. A97-722, as reflected in the Document Listing Conditions to Reclassification of Land dated July 23, 1998 and recorded in said Bureau as Document No. 98-112111.

“Land Value” means, as of the date of a PPA Disconnect, the fair market value of the Land as determined by Landlord in good faith. The fair market value of the Land means the amount that a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for the Land, neither being under a particular compulsion to buy or to sell, each fully aware of all applicable facts about the Land, and assuming a reasonable marketing period, considered as if the Land were vacant and clear of any structures or excavations, and free and clear of all leases (including this Lease), taking into account then-current general economic conditions; costs of construction; sales of comparable parcels; the real estate marketplace; and all other conditions as in effect on the determination date that may reasonably be considered in determining the fair market value of the Land. Land Value shall otherwise be determined in accordance with prevailing standards of appraisal practice at the time of determination.

“Laws” means all laws, ordinances, requirements, orders, proclamations, directives, rules, and regulations of any Government affecting the Premises, this Lease, or any Construction in any way, including any use, maintenance, taxation, operation, or occupancy of, or environmental conditions affecting, the Premises, or relating to any State or County land use and zoning, any Real Estate Taxes, or otherwise relating to this Lease or any party’s rights and remedies under this Lease, or any Transfer of any of the foregoing, whether in force at the Commencement Date or passed, enacted, or imposed at some later time, subject in all cases, however, to any applicable waiver, variance, or exemption.

“Lease Impairment” means Tenant’s: (a) canceling, Modifying, restating, surrendering, or terminating this Lease, including upon Loss; (b) consenting, or failing to object, to a Bankruptcy Sale of any Premises; (c) determining that a Total Loss has occurred; (d) exercising any right to treat this Lease as terminated under 11 U.S.C. §365(h)(1)(A)(i) or any comparable provision of Law; (e) subordinating this Lease or the Leasehold Estate to any other estate or interest in the Premises; or (f) waiving any term(s) of this Lease.

“Lease Termination Notice” means a Notice stating this Lease has been terminated, and describing in reasonable detail any uncured Defaults.

“Lease Year” means: (a) the twelve calendar months starting on the first day of the first full calendar month after the Commencement Date; and (b) every subsequent period of twelve calendar months during the Term.

“Leasehold Estate” means Tenant’s leasehold estate, and all of Tenant’s rights, privileges, and Pre-Emptive Rights, under this Lease, upon and subject to all the terms and conditions of this Lease, and any direct or indirect interest in such leasehold estate.

“Leasehold Mortgage” means any mortgage, collateral assignment, or other lien (as modified from time to time) encumbering this Lease and the Leasehold Estate, made

in connection with permitted financing under the Power Purchase Agreement to a Financing Party under the Power Purchase Agreement. A Leasehold Mortgage shall not attach to the Fee Estate.

“Leasehold Mortgagee” means a holder of a Leasehold Mortgage (and its successors and assigns), provided: (a) it is a Financing Party under the Power Purchase Agreement; (b) it is not an Affiliate of Tenant; and (c) Landlord has received notice of its name and address and a copy of its Leasehold Mortgage.

“Legal Costs” of any Person means all reasonable costs and expenses such Person incurs in any legal proceeding, including appeals (or other matter for which such Person is entitled to be reimbursed for its Legal Costs), including reasonable attorneys’ fees, court costs, and expenses, and in or as a result of any Bankruptcy Proceeding.

“Liability Insurance” means comprehensive general public liability insurance against claims for personal injury, death, or property damage as required under the Power Purchase Agreement, and specifically extended to and covering any events occurring upon, in, or about the Premises or adjoining roads, streets and passageways.

“Loss” means a Casualty or Condemnation affecting the Premises.

“Loss Proceeds” means any Property Insurance Proceeds or Condemnation Award paid or payable for a Loss.

“Management Meeting” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 14.7.1 hereof.

“Market Value” of the Land or the Facility means, as of any date of determination, the present fair market value of such estate or improvement (including the fair market value of the rights of the holder of such estate in and to any improvements) as of such date, considering: (a) as if no Loss had occurred; (b) without adjusting for any expectation of any Loss; and (c) as if the Leasehold Estate had been terminated. Market Value shall be determined independently of, and without regard to, any valuation established in a Condemnation unless Tenant Notifies Landlord otherwise. Any such Notice shall not be effective without Leasehold Mortgagee’s consent.

“Memorandum of Lease” means a memorandum of this Lease, in recordable form, setting forth following provisions of this Lease: (a) all information any Law requires; (b) the Term of the Lease; (c) any grant of a power of attorney; and (d) such other provisions, except the amount or means of determining Rent, as either party reasonably desires.

“Modification” or **“Modify”** means any abandonment, amendment, cancellation, discharge, extension, modification, rejection, renewal, replacement, restatement, substitution, supplement, surrender, termination, or waiver of a specified agreement or

document, or of any of its terms or provisions, or the acceptance of any cancellation, rejection, surrender, or termination of such agreement, document, or terms.

“Monetary Default” means Tenant’s failure to pay any Rent or other money (including Real Estate Taxes and insurance premiums) when and as this Lease requires.

“New Lease” means a new lease of the Premises and related customary documents such as a memorandum of lease and a deed of Improvements. Any New Lease shall: (a) commence immediately after this Lease terminated; (b) continue for the entire remaining term of this Lease, as if no termination had occurred; (c) give New Tenant the same rights to Improvements that this Lease gave Tenant; (d) have the same terms, and the same priority, as this Lease, subject to any subsequent written amendments made with Leasehold Mortgagee’s consent; and (e) require New Tenant to cure, with reasonable diligence and continuity, within a reasonable time, all Defaults (except Tenant-Specific Defaults) not otherwise cured or waived.

“New Tenant” means Leasehold Mortgagee or its designee or nominee, and any of their successors and assigns.

“Nonmonetary Default” means Tenant’s: (a) failure to comply with any affirmative or negative covenant or obligation in this Lease, except a Monetary Default; or (b) breach of any representation or warranty (as of the date made or deemed made).

“Notice” or **“Notify”** means any consent, demand, designation, election, notice, or request relating to this Lease, including any Notice of Default. Notices shall be delivered, and shall become effective, only in accordance with the “Notices” Article of this Lease.

“Notice of Default” means any Notice claiming or giving Notice of a Default or alleged Default.

“Permitted Exceptions” means only: (a) the recorded title exceptions affecting the Fee Estate and prior to this Lease as of the Commencement Date, listed as exceptions in Tenant’s leasehold policy of title insurance for this Lease; (b) any title exceptions (including Subleases) caused by Tenant’s acts or omissions, consented to or requested by Tenant, or resulting from Tenant’s Default; (c) any Application made at Tenant’s request; (d) this Lease and its terms and provisions; and (e) any state of facts an accurate survey would show.

“Phase I Environmental Assessment” means an environmental assessment and report prepared by a qualified environmental professional reasonably acceptable to Landlord that meets or exceeds the minimum requirements outlined in the then current version of the American Society of Testing and Materials Standard E 1527-00 (Standard Practice of Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process).

“Phase II Environmental Assessment” means an environmental assessment and report prepared by a qualified environmental professional reasonably acceptable to Landlord that goes beyond the investigations of a Phase I Environmental Assessment and involves sampling and testing of the Premises, including (a) an asbestos survey conducted according to the standards of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act protocol; (b) testing of any transformers on the Premises for PCBs; (c) testing for lead based paints; (d) soil and groundwater sampling to measure the effect of any actual or suspected release or discharge of Hazardous Substances on the Premises; and (e) such other sampling and testing reasonably necessary to determine the environmental condition of the Premises.

“Permitted Use” means the construction, maintenance and operation of the Facility, consistent with Good Engineering and Operating Practices.

“PPA Disconnect” means any period of time during which the Power Purchase Agreement remains in effect but because of a Tenant Event of Default under the Power Purchase Agreement Landlord is not purchasing power from Tenant.

“PPA Restoration” means either (a) the Power Purchase Agreement is reinstated following a termination of the Power Purchase Agreement; or (b) Tenant’s Event of Default under the Power Purchase Agreement has been cured and Landlord is purchasing power from Tenant (or its permitted successor assignee) in accordance with the Power Purchase Agreement.

“Person” means any association, corporation, Government, individual, joint venture, joint-stock company, limited liability company, partnership, trust, unincorporated organization, or other entity of any kind. (This does not limit any Transfer restriction.)

“Prime Rate” means the “prime rate” of interest, as published from time to time by The Wall Street Journal in the “Money Rates” section of its Western Edition Newspaper (or the average prime rate if a high and a low prime rate are therein reported). The Prime Rate shall change without notice with each change in the prime rate reported by The Wall Street Journal, as of the date such change is reported. Any such rate is a general reference rate of interest, may not be related to any other rate, may not be the lowest or best rate actually charged by any lender to any customer or a favored rate and may not correspond with future increases or decreases in interest rates charged by lenders or market rates in general.

“Prohibited Lien” means any mechanic’s, vendor’s, laborer’s, or material supplier’s statutory lien or other similar lien arising from work, labor, services, equipment, or materials supplied, or claimed to have been supplied, to Tenant (or anyone claiming through Tenant), but only if such lien attaches (or may attach upon termination of this Lease) to the Fee Estate.

“Property Insurance” means (a) insurance providing coverage for the Premises and the Facility against loss, damage, or destruction by fire and other hazards

encompassed under the broadest form of property insurance coverage then customarily used for like properties in the County (except earthquake or war risk) from time to time during the Term, in an amount equal to _____% of the replacement value (without deduction for depreciation) of the Facility and in any event sufficient to avoid co-insurance, with “ordinance or law” coverage; (b) Pollution Legal Liability Environmental Insurance: (i) from an insurance carrier with a rating of no less than A–X in Best’s Insurance Guide, and (ii) providing commercially reasonable coverage and deductibles (to the extent available) with respect to (i) known and unknown pre-existing conditions; (ii) unknown and later discovered conditions; (iii) on-site and off-site third-party claims for bodily injury or property damage; and (iv) legal defense expenses; and (c) such other casualty insurance required by the Power Purchase Agreement with respect to the Premises. Such insurance may contain a deductible clause not exceeding \$ _____ times the CPI Adjustment Factor. To the extent customary for like properties in the County at the time, such insurance shall include coverage for explosion of steam and pressure boilers and similar apparatus located on the Premises; coverage for terrorism; an “increased cost of construction” endorsement; and an endorsement covering demolition and cost of debris removal.

“Property Insurance Proceeds” means net proceeds (after reasonable costs of adjustment and collection, including Legal Costs) of Property Insurance, when and as received by Landlord, Tenant, Depository, or any Fee Mortgagee or Leasehold Mortgagee, excluding proceeds of Tenant’s business interruption insurance in excess of Rent.

“Real Estate Taxes” means all general and special real estate taxes (including sales taxes, use taxes, and the like), conveyance taxes, transfer taxes, assessments, municipal water and sewer rents, rates and charges, excises, levies, license and permit fees, fines, penalties and other governmental charges and any interest or costs with respect thereto, general and special, ordinary and extraordinary, foreseen and unforeseen, of any kind and nature whatsoever that at any time before or during the Term and applicable to the Term or any part of it may be assessed, levied, imposed upon, or become due and payable out of or in respect of, or charged with respect to or become a lien on, the Premises, or the sidewalks or streets in front of or adjoining the Premises, or any vault, passageway or space in, over or under such sidewalk or street, or any other appurtenances of the Premises, or other facility used in the operation thereof, or the rent or income received therefrom, or any use or occupancy thereof.

If at any time during the Term the method of taxation prevailing at the Commencement Date shall be altered so that any new tax, assessment, levy (including any municipal, state or federal levy), imposition, or charge, or any part thereof, shall be measured by or be based in whole or in part upon the Premises and imposed upon Landlord, then all such new taxes, assessments, levies, Real Estate Taxes, or charges, or the part thereof to the extent that they are so measured or based, shall be deemed to be included within the term “Real Estate Taxes,” to the extent that such Real Estate Taxes

would be payable if the Premises were the only property of Landlord subject to such Real Estate Taxes.

“**Remaining Premises**” means any Premises that Landlord continues to own after a Total Loss.

“**Removal Period**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 20.2 hereof.

“**Rent**” means Fixed Rent and Additional Rent.

“**Requesting Party**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 23.1 hereof.

“**Restoration**” and “**Restore**” means, after a Loss, the alteration, clearing, rebuilding, reconstruction, repair, replacement, restoration, and safeguarding of the damaged or remaining Improvements, substantially consistent with their condition before the Loss, subject to such Construction as Tenant shall perform in conformity with this Lease, subject to any changes in Law that would limit the foregoing.

“**Restoration Funds**” means any Loss Proceeds (and deposits by Tenant) to be applied to Restoration.

“**Rules**” means the rules of the Subdivision regulating use of the property, activities, and conduct within the Subdivision as may be established and amended from time to time by Landlord in its sole discretion. Any such Rules may be set forth in a declaration recorded against the parcels in the Subdivision at Landlord’s sole discretion.

“**Scheduled Expiration Date**” means the date upon which the Power Purchase Agreement terminates, i.e., the end of the Term (as defined in the Power Purchase Agreement) *plus* any Extension Term (defined in the Power Purchase Agreement).

“**Security Deposit**” means a cash sum in the amount of \$_____.

“**State**” means the State of Hawaii.

“**Subdivision Improvements**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.3 hereof.

“**Sublease**” means, for the Premises, any: (a) sublease; (b) agreement or arrangement (including a concession, license, management, or occupancy agreement) allowing any Person to occupy, use or possess; (c) subsublease or any further level of subletting; or (d) Modification or assignment of (a) through (c). (Any reference to Subleases does not diminish, impair, limit, or waive any limit on Subleases.)

“**Subrent**” means all money due and payable by Subtenants under Subleases.

“Substantial Casualty” means a Casualty that, pursuant to Law, prevents the Premises from being Restored for the Permitted Use.

“Substantial Condemnation” means any Condemnation that (a) takes the entire Premises; or (b) in Tenant’s reasonable determination (with Leasehold Mortgagee’s consent) renders the remaining Premises unsuitable for the Permitted Uses.

“Subtenant” means any Person entitled to occupy, use, or possess any Premises under a Sublease.

“Temporary Condemnation” means a Condemnation of the temporary right to use or occupy all or part of the Premises.

“Tenant-Specific Default” means any Nonmonetary Default that by its nature relates only to, or can reasonably be performed only by, Tenant or its Affiliates.

“Term” means the Initial Term, as it may be extended by any Extension Term.

“Total Loss” means any (a) Condemnation that affects all or substantially all the Premises; or (b) Loss after which Tenant cannot legally Restore the Facility for its Permitted Use.

“Transfer” of any property means any of the following, whether by operation of law or otherwise, whether voluntary or involuntary, and whether direct or indirect:

(a) any assignment, conveyance, grant, hypothecation, mortgage, pledge, sale, or other transfer, whether direct or indirect, of all or any part of such property, or of any legal, beneficial, or equitable interest or estate in such property or any part of it (including the grant of any easement, lien, or other encumbrance);

(b) any conversion, exchange, issuance, modification, reallocation, sale, or other transfer of any direct or indirect Equity Interest(s) in the owner of such property by the holders of such Equity Interest(s);

(c) any transaction described in (b) affecting any Equity Interest(s) or any other interest in such property or in any such owner (or in any other direct or indirect owner at any higher tier of ownership) through any manner or means whatsoever; or

(d) any transaction that is in substance equivalent to any of the foregoing.

A transaction affecting Equity Interests, as referred to in clauses (b) through (d), shall be deemed a Transfer by Tenant even though Tenant is not technically the transferor. However, a “Transfer” shall not include any of the foregoing (provided that the other party to this Lease has received Notice thereof) relating to any Equity Interest: (a) that constitutes a mere change in form of ownership with no material change in

beneficial ownership and constitutes a tax-free transaction under federal income tax law and the State real estate transfer tax; or (b) to any Person that, as of the Commencement Date, holds an Equity Interest in the entity whose Equity Interest is being transferred.

“Unavoidable Delay” means delay in performing any obligation under this Lease (except payment of money) arising from or on account of any cause whatsoever beyond the obligor’s reasonable control, despite such obligor’s reasonable diligent efforts, including industry-wide strikes, labor troubles or other union activities (but only to the extent such actions affect similar premises at that time and do not result from an act or omission of the obligor), the obligor’s inability to obtain required labor or materials after commercially reasonable efforts to do so, litigation (unless caused by the obligor), Loss, accidents, Laws, governmental preemption, war, or riots. Unavoidable Delay shall exclude delay caused by the obligor’s financial condition, illiquidity, or insolvency. Any obligor claiming Unavoidable Delay shall Notify the obligee: (a) within 30 days after such obligor knows of any such Unavoidable Delay; and (b) within 10 days after such Unavoidable Delay ceases to exist. To be effective, any such Notice must describe the Unavoidable Delay in reasonable detail. Where this Lease states that performance of any obligation is subject to Unavoidable Delay(s) or words of similar import, such Unavoidable Delay(s) shall extend the time for such performance only by the number of days by which such Unavoidable Delay(s) actually delayed such performance.

“Underground Storage Tank” means any combination of tanks (including pipes connected to the tanks) used to contain an accumulation of Hazardous Substances, and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground pipes connected to the tanks) is ten percent or more beneath the surface of the ground.

“Waiver of Subrogation” means a provision in, or endorsement to, any property insurance policy, by which the carrier agrees to waive rights of recovery by way of subrogation against either party to this Lease for any loss such policy covers.

1.3 Principles of Interpretation. A term defined in the singular may be used in the plural, and vice versa, all in accordance with ordinary principles of English grammar, which also govern all other language in this Lease. The words “include” and “including” shall be construed to be followed by the words: “without limitation.” Each of these terms shall be interpreted as if followed by the words “(or any part of it)” except where the context clearly requires otherwise: Fee Estate; Improvements; Land; Leasehold Estate; Premises; and any other similar collective noun. Every reference to any document, including this Lease, refers to such document as Modified from time to time (except, at Landlord’s option, any Modification that violates this Lease), and includes all exhibits, schedules, and riders to such document. The word “or” includes the word “and.”

1.4 Conflict between Lease and Power Purchase Agreement. To the extent there exists any conflict between the provisions of this Lease and the Power Purchase Agreement, the Power Purchase Agreement shall control.

2. TERM

2.1 **Initial Term.** The initial term of this Lease (the “**Initial Term**”) shall: (a) commence on the Commencement Date; and (b) end on the Scheduled Expiration Date, unless terminated sooner. If the Commencement Date is not the first (or the Expiration Date is not the last) day of a Lease Year, then from the Commencement Date through the day before the first Lease Year (or from the day after the last Lease Year through the Expiration Date), the parties shall have all the same rights and obligations under this Lease (including regarding Rent) that they do during the first (or the last, as applicable) full Lease Year, all prorated daily.

2.2 **Automatic Termination.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, this Lease shall automatically terminate upon termination of the Power Purchase Agreement, without Notice.

2.3 **Tenant’s Option to Terminate.** Tenant shall have the right to terminate this Lease upon Notice to Landlord if the Power Purchase Agreement does not come into full force and effect because one or more conditions precedent could not be satisfied due to Landlord’s failure to perform its obligations under the Power Purchase Agreement. Tenant shall include in the Notice the effective date of the termination of the Lease, which shall be not less than 30 days after the date of the Notice.

3. RENT

3.1 **Fixed Rent.** Tenant shall pay Landlord, without notice or demand, in lawful money of the United States of America, a net annual rental (the “**Fixed Rent**”) as follows:

3.1.1 \$1.00 per year, as long as the Power Purchase Agreement remains in effect and Landlord is purchasing power from Tenant pursuant to the Power Purchase Agreement; or

3.1.2 10% of the Land Value per year, increased annually by the CPI Adjustment Factor, commencing on the date a PPA Disconnect occurs and continuing for the period a PPA Disconnect remains in effect.

If there is no longer a PPA Disconnect, and a PPA Restoration occurs, the Fixed Rent shall be restored to \$1.00 per year until any new PPA Disconnect occurs.

3.2 **Annual or Monthly Payment; Proration; Etc.** If Rent is \$1.00 per year, Tenant shall pay Fixed Rent annually in advance, otherwise Tenant shall pay Fixed Rent in equal monthly installments in advance on the first day of each month. Tenant shall pay all Rent payable to Landlord by good and sufficient check payable to Landlord or by wire transfer, at such address as Landlord shall designate from time to time.

3.3 **Additional Rent.** In addition to Fixed Rent, Tenant shall pay Landlord (or the appropriate third party, as applicable), as additional rent under this Lease, all Additional Rent. Except where this Lease provides otherwise, Tenant shall pay all Additional Rent within 15 days after receipt of an invoice and reasonable backup documentation.

3.4 **No Offsets.** Tenant shall pay all Rent without offset, defense, claim, counterclaim, reduction, or deduction of any kind whatsoever.

4. **ADDITIONAL PAYMENTS BY TENANT; REAL ESTATE TAXES**

4.1 **Landlord's Net Return.** This Lease shall constitute an absolutely "net" lease. The Fixed Rent shall give Landlord an absolutely "net" return for the Term, free of any expenses or charges for the Premises, except as this Lease expressly provides. Tenant shall pay as Additional Rent and discharge (subject to Tenant's right of Contest as this Lease expressly provides), before failure to pay creates a material risk of forfeiture or penalty, each and every item of expense, of every kind and nature whatsoever, related to or arising from the Premises, or by reason of or in any manner connected with or arising from the leasing, operation, management, maintenance, repair, use, or occupancy of, or Construction affecting the Premises.

4.2 **No Tenant Obligation.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, Tenant need not pay the following items payable, accrued, or incurred by Landlord: (a) Fee Debt Service; (b) depreciation, amortization, brokerage commissions, financing or refinancing costs, management fees, or leasing expenses for the Fee Estate or the Premises; and (c) any costs or expenses that Landlord incurs in or for any Management Meeting, except to the extent that this Lease requires Tenant to pay such costs or expenses.

4.3 **Tenant's Share of Road Infrastructure and Other Subdivision Improvements.** Landlord and Tenant acknowledge and agree that the following subdivision improvements (the "**Subdivision Improvements**") will be constructed: (i) a Private Roadway through the Subdivision to connect the Land and other lots within the Subdivision to Pulehu Road, the public road owned by the County of Maui; and (ii) other subdivision improvements at Landlord's sole discretion, including but not limited to a landscape buffer along Pulehu Road. The cost to design, construct, operate and maintain the Private Roadway and the other Subdivision Improvements shall be shared by Tenant in the manner and proportion as set forth in **Exhibit C**.

4.4 **Real Estate Taxes.** Tenant shall pay and discharge all Real Estate Taxes payable or accruing for all period(s) within the Term, before failure to pay creates a material risk to Landlord of forfeiture or penalty, subject however to Tenant's right of Contest as this Lease expressly provides. Tenant shall also pay all interest and penalties any Government assesses for late payment of any Real Estate Taxes, except late payment

because Landlord failed to remit any payment for Real Estate Taxes (paid to Landlord by Tenant) in accordance with Tenant's reasonable instructions (provided they involve only ministerial functions) or failed to forward promptly Tenant a copy of any applicable bill that Landlord receives. In the latter case Landlord shall pay such interest and penalties. Tenant shall within a reasonable time after Notice from Landlord give Landlord reasonable proof that Tenant has paid any Real Estate Taxes that this Lease requires Tenant to pay. Tenant shall have the sole right and authority to contest Real Estate Taxes, in compliance with the Contest Conditions.

4.5 Assessments in Installments. To the extent Law allows, Tenant may apply to have any assessment payable in installments. Upon approval of such application, Tenant shall pay and discharge only such installments as become due and payable during the Term.

4.6 Utilities. Tenant shall arrange and pay for all fuel, gas, light, power, water, sewage, garbage disposal, telephone, and other utility charges, and the expenses of installation, maintenance, use, and service in connection with the foregoing, for the Premises during the Term. Landlord shall have absolutely no liability or responsibility for the foregoing.

4.7 Security Deposit. Concurrently with Tenant's execution of this Lease, Tenant shall deposit with Landlord the Security Deposit. Landlord shall hold the Security Deposit as security for the performance of Tenant's obligations under this Lease. If Tenant Defaults on any provision of this Lease, Landlord may, without prejudice to any other remedy it has, apply all or part of the Security Deposit to any Rent or other sum in default, any amount that Landlord may spend or become obligated to spend in exercising Landlord's rights under this Lease, or any expense, loss, or damage that Landlord may suffer because of Tenant's Default.

4.8 General Excise Tax. Tenant will pay to Landlord at the time and together with each payment of Rent that is subject to GET, an amount which, when added to Rent (whether actually or constructively received by Landlord), shall yield to Landlord, after deduction of the GET, an amount equal to that which Landlord would have realized had no such GET been imposed. For the purposes of this Section, "**GET**" means the State of Hawaii general excise tax on gross income, any sales or value added taxes under any successor, similar or new federal, state or county law that may be hereafter enacted, on account of the receipt, actual or constructive, by Landlord of the rental payments, reimbursement of gross income taxes, and any other taxable gross income attributable to the Premises or this Lease. For purpose of illustration only, the amount necessary to reimburse Landlord is as of the Commencement Date 4.1666%.

4.9 Conveyance Tax. Tenant shall pay the conveyance tax imposed under Hawaii Revised Statutes Chapter 247 that is due and payable upon the Commencement

Date. Tenant shall provide Landlord with proof satisfactory to Landlord that the conveyance tax has been paid.

5. USE

5.1 Permitted Use. Tenant shall use the Premises for the Permitted Use and only for the Permitted Use. Tenant shall continuously use and operate the Premises for the Permitted Use.

5.2 Permitted Use Unique. Landlord has leased the Premises to Tenant solely for the purpose of Tenant's providing electrical power to Landlord's system pursuant to the Power Purchase Agreement. The State Public Utilities Commission has authorized Landlord to enter into this Lease only in connection with and for the purposes of the Power Purchase Agreement. Tenant acknowledges and agrees that the Premises cannot be used for any purpose other than the Permitted Use. Tenant waives and relinquishes any right it may have under Bankruptcy Law, in any Bankruptcy Proceeding, or otherwise to assert the Premises should be used for a purpose other than the Permitted Use.

5.3 Common Areas. All access roads made available or maintained by the Landlord providing access from the Premises to public roads ("**Common Areas**") shall at all times be subject to the exclusive control and management of Landlord, and Landlord shall have the right, from time to time, to establish, modify and enforce reasonable rules and regulations with respect to all Common Areas. Tenant agrees to comply with all of Landlord's rules and regulations with respect to the Common Areas.

5.4 Exclusive Control. Tenant shall have exclusive control, possession, occupancy, use, and management of the Premises, subject only to Permitted Exceptions.

5.5 Operational Costs. Tenant shall timely pay and discharge all fees, costs, and expenses related to or arising from the management or operation of the Premises and the provision of services to the Premises.

6. SECURITY OF PREMISES

6.1 Secured Facility. Tenant shall secure the Facility and prevent access to the Facility by unauthorized personnel in the same manner or higher as Landlord secures its power generating facilities in the County. Notwithstanding Landlord's then current security procedures for its own facilities, Landlord may require Tenant to maintain personnel on the Premises 24 hours a day 7 days a week to monitor the security and safety of the Premises and Facility.

6.2 Limited Access to Premises. Tenant will maintain barriers on the Premises to prevent unauthorized persons or vehicles from entering or crossing through the Premises and adjacent lands owned or operated by Landlord.

6.3 **Personnel.** Tenant shall conduct security and background checks on all Tenant employees, independent contractors, and other persons who are regularly allowed access to the Facility and shall require all such persons to take periodic drug tests. Tenant shall not allow on the Premises any persons who do not pass such security checks or drug tests.

7. COMPLIANCE

7.1 **Generally.** Tenant shall during the Term, at Tenant's expense, in all material respects, subject to Tenant's right of Contest: (a) comply with all Laws and Permitted Exceptions; (b) comply with all Rules; (c) comply with the Land Use Conditions; (d) procure all Approvals required by Law other than the approval of the Power Purchase Agreement by the State Public Utilities Commission; and (e) comply with all Approvals.

7.2 **Power Purchase Agreement.** Tenant shall during the Term, at Tenant's expense, in all material respects, comply with Tenant's obligations under the Power Purchase Agreement.

7.3 **Notice of Inspections.** Tenant shall give Landlord Notice of any proposed inspection of the Premises or the Facility by any Government agency immediately upon Tenant's receipt of notice of such inspection.

7.4 **Copies of Notices.** Landlord shall promptly give Tenant a copy of any notice of any kind regarding the Premises or any Real Estate Taxes (including any bill or statement), and any notice of nonrenewal or threatened nonrenewal of any Approval that Landlord receives from any Government, utility company, insurance carrier, or insurance rating bureau.

8. MAINTENANCE AND CONSTRUCTION

8.1 **Obligation to Maintain.** Except to the extent that (a) this Lease otherwise expressly provides or allows or (b) Tenant is performing Construction in compliance with this Lease, Tenant shall during the Term keep and maintain the Premises in good order, condition, and repair, subject to Loss (governed by other provisions of this Lease), reasonable wear and tear, and any other condition that this Lease does not require Tenant to repair. Tenant's obligation to maintain the Premises includes an obligation to make all repairs that the Premises (including plumbing, heating, air conditioning, ventilating, electrical, lighting, fixtures, walls, building systems, ceilings, floors, windows, doors, plate glass, skylights, landscaping, drainage, retention basins, bridges, driveways, site improvements, curb cuts, parking lots, fences and signs located in, on or at the Premises, together with any sidewalks and streets adjacent to the Premises) may require by Law from time to time during the Term, whether structural or nonstructural, foreseen or unforeseen, capital or operating. Tenant shall remove trash and debris from the Premises and the adjoining sidewalk, and maintain them in a reasonably clean condition.

8.2 **Acceptance of Premises.** Tenant acknowledges that it has, or has had the opportunity, to inspect carefully the Premises, and accepts the Premises in **AS IS** condition **WITH ALL FAULTS**. Tenant further acknowledges that neither Landlord nor its agents or employees have made any representations or warranties of any kind whatsoever as to the suitability or fitness of the Premises for the conduct of Tenant's business or for any other purpose, nor has Landlord or its agents or employees agreed to make any repairs, undertake any alterations, or construct any improvements to the Premises or with respect to the Premises.

8.3 **Construction.** At Tenant's sole cost and expense, Tenant shall construct the Facility in accordance with the requirements of the Power Purchase Agreement. Tenant shall not commence Construction until it has the applicable necessary Approvals. Prior to commencement of any Construction, Tenant shall cause each entity involved in such Construction, who is a direct contractor of Tenant and who has mechanic lien rights under Chapter 507 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, to deliver to Landlord a performance and payment bond in a form acceptable to Landlord and from a surety reasonably acceptable to Landlord, covering the faithful performance of such entity's contract with the Tenant and the payment of all obligations arising thereunder, and naming Landlord as an obligee. Tenant shall complete Construction of the Facility within the time periods required by the Power Purchase Agreement. Tenant shall pay for all Construction when and as required by the parties that perform such Construction. All Improvements that Tenant constructs on the Land shall become part of the Premises.

8.4 **Plans and Specifications.** To the extent that Tenant obtains plans and specifications or surveys (including working plans and specifications and "as-built" plans and specifications and surveys) for any Construction, Tenant shall promptly upon Landlord's request give Landlord a copy, subject to the terms of any agreement between Tenant and the applicable architect, engineer, or surveyor. Tenant shall exercise reasonable efforts to cause its agreements with such professionals to permit these deliveries, which are for Landlord's information only except to the extent, if any, this Lease otherwise expressly states.

8.5 **Applications.** Upon Tenant's request, Landlord shall, without cost to Landlord, promptly join in and execute any Application as Tenant reasonably requests, provided that: (a) such Application is in customary form and imposes no material obligations (beyond obligations ministerial in nature or merely requiring compliance with Law) upon Landlord; (b) no uncured Event of Default exists; and (c) Tenant reimburses Landlord's Legal Costs. Promptly upon Tenant's request and without charge (except reimbursement of Landlord's Legal Costs), Landlord shall furnish all information in its possession that Tenant reasonably requests for any Application.

9. PROHIBITED LIENS

9.1 **Tenant's Covenant.** If a Prohibited Lien is filed, Tenant shall, within 30 days after receiving Notice from Landlord of such filing (but in any case within 15 days after Landlord Notifies Tenant of commencement of any application for a mechanic's lien or foreclosure proceedings), commence appropriate action to cause such Prohibited Lien to be paid, discharged, bonded, or cleared from title. Tenant shall thereafter prosecute such action with reasonable diligence and continuity. If Landlord receives notice of any such filing, then Landlord shall promptly Notify Tenant. Nothing in this Lease shall be construed to: (a) limit Tenant's right of Contest; or (b) obligate Tenant regarding any lien that results from any act or omission by Landlord.

9.2 **Protection of Landlord.** Notice is hereby given that Landlord shall not be liable for any labor or materials furnished or to be furnished to Tenant upon credit, and that no mechanic's or other lien for any such labor or materials shall attach to or affect the Fee Estate. Nothing in this Lease shall be deemed or construed in any way to constitute Landlord's consent or request, express or implied, by inference or otherwise, to any contractor, subcontractor, laborer, equipment or material supplier for the performance of any labor or the furnishing of any materials or equipment for any construction, nor as giving Tenant any right, power or authority to contract for, or permit the rendering of, any services, or the furnishing of any materials that would give rise to the filing of any liens against the Fee Estate. Tenant shall Indemnify Landlord against any claims arising out of Construction undertaken by Tenant or anyone claiming through Tenant, and against all Prohibited Liens.

10. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

10.1 **Baseline Assessment.** Tenant has obtained a Baseline Assessment and has provided Landlord with a copy of the results of the Baseline Assessment. Any Hazardous Substances not disclosed in the Baseline Assessment and subsequently discovered on the Premises shall be presumed to be present as a result of Tenant's use and occupancy of the Premises during the Term, unless Tenant shall prove, by clear and convincing proof, that the Hazardous Substances: (a) were present on the Premises prior to the Term; (b) migrated onto the Premises as the result of the activities of a third party; or (c) are present on the Premises as the result of Landlord's improper actions.

10.2 **Compliance with Environmental Law.** Tenant shall keep and maintain the Premises, including the Land, the air above the Land, the surface and run-off water on the Land, and the groundwater under the Land, in compliance with, and shall not cause or permit the Premises or any portion of the Premises to be in violation of, any Environmental Law.

10.3 **Use of Hazardous Substances.** Tenant shall not cause or allow any Hazardous Substances Discharge, except (a) in the ordinary course of Tenant's business

(b) in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer and for the purpose described in such instructions, and (c) in strict compliance with all applicable Environmental Law. Tenant shall not install or remove any Underground Storage Tank on, within, under or about the Premises without first obtaining Landlord's written approval. Tenant shall not accept hazardous waste (as defined under any Environmental Law) generated off the Premises for any purpose, including treatment, storage or disposal.

10.4 List of Hazardous Substances. On the Commencement Date and on each anniversary of the Commencement Date, and at any other time Landlord requests, Tenant shall provide Landlord with a written list identifying any Hazardous Substances then used, stored, or maintained upon the Premises, the use and approximate quantity of each such material, a copy of any material safety data sheet (MSDS) issued by the manufacturer thereof, written information concerning the removal, transportation, and disposal of the same, and such other information as Landlord may reasonably require or as may be required by Law.

10.5 Notice of Disturbance of Any Hazardous Substances. Tenant shall provide Landlord 30 days' prior Notice before commencing any activities, including repair or remodeling of the Facility or the Premises or installation or removal of any personal property from the Premises, which could result in the disturbance of any Hazardous Substances. Together with such Notice, Tenant shall advise Landlord of protective measures to be taken by Tenant to ensure that Hazardous Substances shall not be released and to ensure compliance with Environmental Law. Tenant shall comply with all reasonable conditions (including adequate assurance of financial resources to comply with Environmental Law) that may be imposed by Landlord in connection with Tenant's proposed activities.

10.6 Hazardous Substances Claims. Tenant shall immediately Notify Landlord of: (a) any Hazardous Substances Claims; or (b) Tenant's discovery of any occurrence or condition of the Premises which could subject Tenant or Landlord to any liability, or restrictions on ownership, occupancy, transferability or use of the Premises under any Environmental Law.

10.7 Remediation and Removal. Except for the use of Hazardous Substances permitted by this Lease, Tenant shall cause any Hazardous Substances Discharge to be: (a) remediated on-site in accordance with applicable Environmental Law; or (b) removed from the Premises for remediation or disposal and to be transported solely by duly licensed Hazardous Substances transporters to duly licensed disposal facilities for final disposition to the extent required by and in accordance with applicable Environmental Law. Tenant shall deliver to Landlord copies of any hazardous waste manifest reflecting the proper disposition of such Hazardous Substances. Except in emergencies or as otherwise required by law, Tenant shall not take any remedial or removal action in response to a Hazardous Substances Discharge without first Notifying Landlord.

10.8 Proceedings on Hazardous Substances Claims; Indemnity. Tenant shall not enter into any legal proceeding or other action, settlement, consent decree or other compromise with respect to any Hazardous Substances Claims without first Notifying Landlord of Tenant's intention to do so and affording Landlord the opportunity to join and participate as a party if Landlord so elects in such proceedings. Tenant shall be solely responsible for and shall Indemnify the Indemnitee against any Hazardous Substances Claims, including: (a) the costs of any required or necessary removal, repair, cleanup or remediation of the Premises, and the preparation and implementation of any closure, removal, remedial or other required plans; and (b) all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Landlord in connection therewith, including Legal Costs.

10.9 Assurance of Performance.

10.9.1 Landlord's Phase II Environmental Assessment. Landlord may, but shall not be required to, engage such contractors as Landlord determines to be appropriate to perform from time to time a Phase II Environmental Assessment, including environmental sampling and testing, of: (i) the Premises, the surrounding soil and any adjacent areas, and any ground water located under or surface water located adjacent to the Premises or any adjoining property; (ii) Tenant's compliance with all Environmental Law and the provisions of this Lease; and (iii) the provisions made by Tenant for carrying out any removal or remedial action that may be required by reason of the nature of Tenant's business and operations on the Premises.

10.9.2 Cost of Assessment. All costs and expenses incurred by Landlord in connection with any such Phase II Environmental Assessment shall be paid by Landlord, except that if any such Phase II Environmental Assessment shows that: (i) the environmental condition of the Premises has materially declined in comparison to the Baseline Assessment; (ii) Tenant has failed to comply with the provisions of this Lease with respect to Hazardous Substances; (iii) the Premises (including surrounding soil and any underlying groundwater or adjacent surface water) has become contaminated due to operations or activities not attributable to Landlord; or (iv) an event that is the basis for a Hazardous Substances Claim occurred during the Term, then all of the costs and expenses of such assessment shall be paid by Tenant.

10.9.3 Conducting Assessment. Each Phase II Environmental Assessment shall be conducted: (a) only after advance Notice of such assessment has been provided to Tenant at least 10 days' prior to the date of the assessment; and (b) in a manner reasonably designed to minimize the interruption of Tenant's operations and use of the Premises. Landlord shall repair any substantial damage to the Premises or to Tenant's property that is directly caused by the Phase II Environmental Assessment.

10.10 Tenant's Obligations Prior to and Upon Surrender.

10.10.1 Tenant's Phase I and Phase II Environmental Assessment Deposit. No later than 18 months prior to the Scheduled Expiration Date, Tenant shall deposit with Landlord a sum equal to the then current estimated cost of conducting a Phase I and Phase II Environmental Assessment of the Premises. Landlord shall hold such sum for Tenant and shall apply or reimburse such sum as provided in this section.

10.10.2 Tenant's Phase I (or Phase II) Environmental Assessment.

(a) No later than the beginning of the last year of the Term, or immediately upon earlier termination of the Term, Tenant, at Tenant's sole cost and expense shall cause a Phase I Environmental Assessment of the Premises to be conducted, or provide Landlord with a report based upon a Phase I Environmental Assessment conducted no earlier than 3 months prior to the beginning of the last year of the Term. In addition, no later than the end of the Term, Tenant shall (A) cause all Hazardous Substances previously owned, stored or used by Tenant to be removed from the Premises and disposed of in accordance with all Environmental Law; and (B) remove any Underground Storage Tanks or other containers installed or used by Tenant to store any Hazardous Substances on the Premises, and repair any damage to the Premises caused by such removal.

(b) Upon termination of this Lease and Tenant's satisfactory compliance with all of the requirements of this section, Landlord shall return to Tenant, without interest, the amount deposited in accordance with this section. In the event that Tenant does not cause a Phase I Environmental Assessment to be conducted or does not provide Landlord with a timely report based upon an assessment conducted no earlier than 3 months prior to the beginning of the last year of the Term, Landlord may (but shall not be required to) cause a Phase I Environmental Assessment to be conducted and may apply the sums previously deposited by Tenant to pay for such assessment. If the assessment costs more than the amount of the deposit, Tenant shall pay to Landlord, upon demand, the difference. If the assessment costs less than the amount of the deposit, Landlord shall, no later than 30 days after payment in full of such costs, return to Tenant a sum equal to the amount by which the deposit exceeds the actual costs of such assessment.

(c) If either Tenant's or Landlord's Phase I Environmental Assessment identifies areas of concern that in Landlord's reasonable judgment indicate that further investigation is required, Tenant, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, shall cause a Phase II Environmental Assessment of the Premises to be conducted. If Tenant does not cause such Phase II Environmental Assessment to be conducted, Landlord may (but shall not be required to) cause a Phase II Environmental Assessment to be conducted and may apply the sums previously deposited by Tenant to pay for such assessment. If the assessment costs more than the amount of the deposit, Tenant shall pay to Landlord, upon demand, the difference. If the assessment costs less than the amount of the deposit, Landlord shall, no later than 30 days after payment in full of such costs, return to Tenant a

sum equal to the amount by which the deposit exceeds the actual costs of such assessment. Tenant hereby expressly acknowledges and agrees that Tenant's covenant and obligation to pay all costs and expenses associated with any Phase II Environmental Assessment required under this section, whether commissioned by Tenant or Landlord, shall survive termination of this Lease.

10.11 **Clean-up.**

10.11.1 **Environmental Report.** If any written report containing results of any Phase I Environmental Assessment ("**Environmental Report**") shall: (i) reveal that the environmental condition of the Premises has materially declined in comparison to the Baseline Assessment; or (ii) Tenant has materially violated any warranty, representation, or covenant of this section; or (iii) recommend the repair, closure, remediation, removal or other clean-up (collectively, the "**Clean-up**") of any Hazardous Substances found on or about the Premises, and if Landlord determines that Tenant is responsible for such Clean-up, then:

(a) Landlord shall provide Tenant with a copy of such Environmental Report and with a written explanation of the reasons why Landlord believes that Tenant is responsible, under the principles of this section for conducting the Clean-up identified in such Environmental Report.

(b) If, within 30 days after receiving a copy of such Environmental Report and such written statement, Tenant fails either (i) to complete the Clean-up, or (ii) with respect to any Clean-up which cannot be completed within such 30-day period, fails to proceed with reasonable diligence to complete such Clean-up as promptly as practicable, then Landlord shall have the right, but not the obligation, to carry out any Clean-up recommended by the Environmental Report or required by any Government, and to recover all of the costs and expenses of such Clean-up from Tenant as Additional Rent together with Default Interest from the date Landlord incurred such costs and expenses until paid in full.

10.11.2 **Emergency.** If the Environmental Report reveals a situation which, in Landlord's sole discretion, constitutes an emergency, then Landlord shall have the right, but not the obligation, to carry out any Clean-up recommended by the Environmental Report or required by any Government, and to recover all of the costs and expenses of such Clean-up from Tenant as Additional Rent together with interest at the Default Interest from the date Landlord incurred such costs and expenses until paid in full.

10.11.3 **Submission of Report to Government.** To the extent required by Law, Landlord shall be entitled to submit the Environmental Report to any Government.

10.11.4 Completion of Clean-up Before Surrender or Termination.

Tenant shall complete Clean-up prior to surrender of the Premises and termination of this Lease, and shall fully comply with all Environmental Law and requirements of any Government over the Clean-up, including any requirement to file such assessment, mitigation plan, risk assessment or other information with any such Government prior to such surrender or termination.

10.11.5 Tenant's Inability to Complete.

Should any such Clean-up for which Tenant is responsible not be completed or should Tenant not receive any Government approvals regarding the Premises or areas adjacent to the Premises required under Environmental Law prior to the expiration or sooner termination of this Lease, including any extensions of this Lease, then (i) Tenant shall deposit with Landlord an amount of money equal to the balance of the estimated costs of the Clean-up; and (ii) if the nature of the Clean-up makes the Premises untenable or unleaseable until the Clean-up is completed, then Tenant shall be liable to Landlord as a holdover tenant, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Lease, until the Clean-up has been sufficiently completed to make the Premises suitable for lease to third parties.

10.12 Confidentiality.

10.12.1 Keeping Information Confidential.

Except if required to do so by Law, or compelled by subpoena or discovery proceedings in any legal action or governmental proceeding, Tenant agrees that Tenant shall not disclose, discuss, disseminate or copy any information, data, findings, communications, conclusions and reports regarding the environmental condition of the Premises, to any Person, including any Government, without the prior written consent of Landlord. Upon completion of any Clean-up of the Premises, Tenant shall deliver and return to Landlord, all information, data, findings, communications, conclusions and reports regarding the environmental condition of the Premises whether provided to Tenant by Landlord or not.

10.12.2 Scope of Obligation.

Tenant's obligation to maintain the confidentiality of all information, data, findings, communications, conclusions and reports regarding the environmental condition of the Premises, include but are not limited to Tenant's officers, employees, agents, attorneys, environmental consultants and contractors. Tenant's obligation to maintain the confidentiality of all information, data, findings, communications, conclusions and reports regarding the environmental condition of the Premises, shall survive the termination of this Lease.

10.13 Copies of Environmental Reports.

Tenant shall provide Landlord with a copy of any and all environmental assessments, audits, studies and reports regarding Tenant's past or current activities on the Premises or the environmental condition of the Premises within 30 days of Tenant's receipt of such materials. Tenant shall be obligated to provide Landlord with a copy of such materials without regard to whether they are

generated by Tenant or prepared for Tenant, or how Tenant comes into possession of such materials.

10.14 **Survival of Agreements.** The covenants of this section, including the indemnification provision, shall survive the expiration or termination of this Lease, or any termination of Tenant's interest in the Premises.

11. INDEMNIFICATION; LIABILITY OF LANDLORD

11.1 **Obligations.** Tenant shall Indemnify Landlord against any: (a) wrongful act, wrongful omission, or negligence of Tenant (and anyone claiming by or through the Tenant) or its partners, members, directors, officers, or employees; (b) breach or default by Tenant under this Lease; or (c) breach of any representation or warranty Tenant makes in this Lease. Tenant shall also Indemnify Landlord against the following during the Term and so long as Tenant remains in possession after the Expiration Date: (u) any Contest Tenant initiates; (v) any Application made at Tenant's request; (w) use, occupancy, control, management, operation, and possession of the Premises; (x) any Construction and any agreements that Tenant (or anyone claiming through Tenant) makes for any Construction; (y) the condition of the Premises or any street, curb or sidewalk adjoining the Premises, or of any roadways or easements adjoining or appurtenant to the Premises; and (z) any accident, injury or damage whatsoever caused to any person in or on the Premises or upon or under roadways or easements adjoining or appurtenant to the Premises. Tenant shall be required to Indemnify Landlord notwithstanding the acts or omissions or negligence of Landlord, but Tenant shall not be required to Indemnify Landlord regarding Landlord's intentional acts or gross negligence. This paragraph does not apply to Environmental Law and Hazardous Substances Discharges, which are covered in Section 10.8.

11.2 **No Liability of Landlord.** During the Term: (a) Tenant is and shall be in exclusive control and possession of the Premises; and (b) Landlord shall not be liable for any injury or damage to any property (of Tenant or any other Person) or to any person occurring on or about the Premises, except to the extent caused by Landlord's intentional act or gross negligence. Landlord's right to enter and inspect the Premises is intended solely to allow Landlord to ascertain whether Tenant is complying with this Lease and the Power Purchase Agreement and (to the extent this Lease allows) to cure any Default. Such provisions shall not impose upon Landlord any liability to third parties. Nothing in this Lease shall be construed to exculpate, relieve, or Indemnify Landlord from or against any liability of Landlord: (y) to third parties existing at or before the Commencement Date; or (z) arising from Landlord's intentional acts or omissions or gross negligence.

11.3 **Indemnification Procedures.** Wherever this Lease requires any Indemnitor to Indemnify any Indemnitee, including, without limitation, under Sections 9.2, 10.8, 11.1, 17.5, 18.2, and 26.7 of this Lease:

11.3.1 **Prompt Notice.** Indemnitee shall promptly Notify Indemnitor of any claim. To the extent, and only to the extent, that Indemnitee fails to give prompt Notice and such failure materially prejudices Indemnitor, Indemnitor shall be relieved of its indemnity obligations for such claim.

11.3.2 **Selection of Counsel.** Indemnitor shall select counsel reasonably acceptable to Indemnitee. Even though Indemnitor shall defend the action, Indemnitee may, at its option and its own expense, engage separate counsel to advise it regarding the claim and its defense. Such counsel may attend all proceedings and meetings. Indemnitor's counsel shall actively consult with Indemnitee's counsel. Indemnitor and its counsel shall, however, fully control the defense.

11.3.3 **Cooperation.** Indemnitee shall reasonably cooperate with Indemnitor's defense, provided Indemnitor reimburses Indemnitee's actual reasonable out of pocket expenses (including Legal Costs) of such cooperation.

11.3.4 **Settlement.** Indemnitor may, with Indemnitee's consent, not to be unreasonably withheld, settle the claim. Indemnitee's consent shall not be required for any settlement by which: (w) Indemnitor procures (by payment, settlement, or otherwise) a release of Indemnitee by which Indemnitee need not make any payment to the claimant; (x) neither Indemnitee nor Indemnitor on behalf of Indemnitee admits liability; (y) the continued effectiveness of this Lease is not jeopardized in any way; and (z) Indemnitee's interest in the Premises is not jeopardized in any way.

11.3.5 **Insurance Proceeds.** Indemnitor's obligations shall be reduced by net insurance proceeds Indemnitee actually receives for the matter giving rise to indemnification.

12. RIGHT OF CONTEST

12.1 **Tenant's Right; Contest Conditions.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, Tenant shall have the right to contest, at its sole cost, by appropriate legal proceedings diligently conducted in good faith, the amount or validity of any Real Estate Taxes or Prohibited Lien; the valuation, assessment, or reassessment (whether proposed, phased, or final) of the Premises for Real Estate Taxes; the amount of any Real Estate Tax; the validity of any Law or its application to the Premises; the terms or conditions of, or requirements for, any Approval; or the validity or merit of any claim against which this Lease requires Tenant to Indemnify Landlord (any of the foregoing, a "**Contest**"). Tenant may defer payment or performance of the contested obligation pending outcome of the Contest, provided that Tenant causes the following conditions (collectively, the "**Contest Conditions**") to remain satisfied:

12.1.1 **No Fines.** Such deferral or noncompliance shall not subject Landlord to a material risk of any fine or penalty, except civil penalties for which Tenant has given Landlord a bond, letter of credit, or other security reasonably satisfactory to

Landlord (the “**Contest Security**”) in an amount equal to the reasonably estimated amount of such civil penalties.

12.1.2 **No Liability.** Such deferral or noncompliance creates no material risk of a lien, charge, or other liability of any kind against the Fee Estate, unless Tenant has given Landlord Contest Security equal to the reasonably estimated amount of such lien, charge, or other liability.

12.1.3 **No Forfeiture.** Such deferral or noncompliance will not place the Fee Estate in material danger of being forfeited or lost.

12.1.4 **No Cost to Landlord.** Such Contest shall be without cost, liability, or expense to Landlord.

12.1.5 **Diligence.** Tenant shall prosecute such Contest with reasonable diligence and in good faith.

12.1.6 **Payment.** If required for such Contest, Tenant shall have paid the Contested Real Estate Taxes or other matter.

12.1.7 **Collection of Real Estate Taxes.** If such Contest relates to any Real Estate Tax, then such Contest shall suspend its collection from Landlord and the Fee Estate.

12.1.8 **No Tax Deed.** If, at any time, payment of any Real Estate Taxes is necessary to prevent the imminent (i.e., within 30 days) delivery of a tax deed of the Fee Estate for nonpayment, then Tenant shall pay or cause to be paid the sums in sufficient time to prevent delivery of such deed.

12.1.9 **No Event of Default.** No Uncured Event of Default shall exist under this Lease at the time of such Contest.

12.1.10 **Security.** If the amount at issue in such Contest (and all other Contests then pending) exceeds an amount equal to \$_____, then Tenant shall, before proceeding with such Contest, give Landlord Contest Security equal to such excess (less any Contest Security otherwise provided for the same Contest).

12.1.11 **Named Parties.** If Landlord has been named as a party in any action, then Tenant shall cause Landlord to be removed as such party and Tenant substituted in Landlord’s place, if permissible under the circumstances.

12.2 **Landlord Obligations and Protections.** Landlord need not join in any Contest unless (a) Tenant has complied with the Contest Conditions; and (b) such Contest must be initiated or prosecuted in Landlord’s name. In such case, Landlord shall cooperate, as Tenant reasonably requests, to permit the Contest to be prosecuted in

Landlord's name. Landlord shall give Tenant any documents, deliveries, and information in Landlord's control and reasonably necessary for Tenant to prosecute its Contest. Landlord shall otherwise assist Tenant in such Contest as Tenant reasonably requires. Tenant shall pay all reasonable costs and expenses, including Legal Costs, of any Contest. Tenant shall, at Landlord's request, advance (when Landlord incurs them) such reasonable costs and expenses as Landlord incurs or reasonably anticipates incurring, for Tenant's Contest and Landlord's assistance with such Contest.

12.3 Miscellaneous. Tenant shall be entitled to any refund of any Real Estate Taxes (and penalties and interest paid by Tenant), to the extent attributable to periods within the Term, whether such refund is made during or after the Term. When Tenant concludes Tenant's Contest of any Real Estate Taxes, Tenant shall pay the amount of such Real Estate Taxes (if any) as has been finally determined in such Contest to be due, to the extent attributable to periods within the Term, and any costs, interest, penalties, or other liabilities in connection with such Real Estate Taxes. Upon final determination of Tenant's Contest of a Law, Tenant shall comply with such final determination. Landlord may contest any matter for which Tenant is entitled to prosecute a Contest, but only if: (a) Landlord Notifies Tenant of Landlord's intention to do so; and (b) Tenant fails to commence such Contest within 15 days after receipt of such Notice.

12.4 Contest Security. Landlord shall promptly release any Contest Security to Tenant after the Contest has been resolved and Tenant has performed its obligations, if any, as determined by such resolution.

13. INSURANCE

13.1 Tenant to Insure. Tenant shall, at its sole expense, during the Term, maintain the following insurance (or its then reasonably available equivalent): (a) Property Insurance; and (b) Liability Insurance.

13.2 Nature of Insurance Program. All insurance policies this Lease requires shall be issued by carriers that: (a) have a policyholders' rating of "B+-VIII" or better, based on the latest rating publication of Property and Casualty Insurers by A.M. Best Company (or its equivalent if such publication ceases to be published); and (b) are lawfully doing business in the State. Tenant may provide any insurance under a "blanket" or "umbrella" insurance policy, provided that (i) such policy or a certificate of such policy shall specify the amount(s) of the total insurance allocated to the Premises, which amount(s) shall equal or exceed the amount(s) required by this Lease and shall not be reduced for claims made for other properties; and (ii) such policy otherwise complies with this Lease. Except with Lessor's prior written approval, the policy shall not have a deductible amount in excess of \$50,000 for any one occurrence.

13.3 Policy Requirements and Endorsements. All insurance policies this Lease requires shall contain (by endorsement or otherwise) the following provisions:

13.3.1 **Insureds.** Liability Insurance policies shall name Landlord as an “additional insured” and all mortgagees this Lease allows as “additional insureds.” Property Insurance policies shall name Landlord and any Fee Mortgagee as loss payee as its interest may appear and each mortgagee this Lease allows under a standard noncontributing mortgagee clause. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this paragraph, all Property Insurance Proceeds shall be paid and applied as this Lease provides.

13.3.2 **Primary Coverage.** All policies shall be written as primary policies not contributing to or in excess of any coverage that Landlord may carry.

13.3.3 **Contractual Liability.** Liability Insurance policies shall contain contractual liability coverage, for Tenant’s indemnity obligations under this Lease, to the extent covered by customary contractual liability insurance coverage. Tenant’s failure to obtain such contractual liability coverage shall not relieve Tenant from any indemnity obligation under this Lease.

13.3.4 **Notice to Landlord.** The insurance carrier shall give the additional insureds 30 days’ prior Notice of cancellation or nonrenewal, except 10 days for nonpayment of premiums. Tenant shall advise Landlord of such notice within 5 days of receipt.

13.4 **Deliveries to Landlord.** On the Commencement Date, and no later than 10 days before any Liability Insurance or Property Insurance expires or is cancelled, Tenant shall deliver to Landlord certificates of insurance evidencing Tenant’s maintenance of all Liability Insurance and Property Insurance this Lease requires, in each case providing coverage for at least one year from the date delivered. In the event of any dispute regarding Tenant’s compliance with the insurance requirements of this Lease, Tenant may at Tenant’s option obtain a certificate from a reputable insurance broker located in the State and acceptable to Landlord, confirming such compliance. Such certificate shall be dispositive.

13.5 **Waiver of Certain Claims.** To the extent that Landlord or Tenant purchases any policy of property insurance, the party purchasing such insurance shall attempt to cause the insurance carrier to agree to a Waiver of Subrogation, if not already in the policy. Landlord and Tenant waive any right that either may have against the other on account of any loss or damage to their respective property to the extent that the loss or damage is insured under their respective insurance policies.

13.6 **No Representation.** Neither party makes any representation that the limits, scope, or forms of insurance coverage this Lease requires are adequate or sufficient.

14. LOSSES AND LOSS PROCEEDS

14.1 **Notice.** If either party becomes aware of any Casualty or any actual, threatened, or contemplated Condemnation, then such party shall promptly Notify the other.

14.2 **Casualty.** If a Casualty occurs which is not a Substantial Casualty, then: (a) no Rent shall abate; (b) this Lease shall not terminate or be impaired; and (c) Tenant shall Restore with reasonable promptness regardless of cost. If the Casualty is a Substantial Casualty, then Tenant may, by Notice to Landlord, given within ____ after _____, terminate this Lease effective __ after such Notice, provided that Tenant assigns to Landlord all Property Insurance Proceeds (and rights thereto) arising from the Casualty.

14.3 **Substantial Condemnation.** If a Substantial Condemnation occurs, then this Lease (except as it relates to allocation of the Condemnation Award) shall terminate on the Condemnation Effective Date. Rent shall be apportioned accordingly. The Condemnation Award shall be allocated as follows:

14.3.1 **Prepayment Premium.** To Leasehold Mortgagee, to the extent that both (1) because of such Condemnation, any Leasehold Mortgagee imposes any fee or charge that such Leasehold Mortgagee could not have collected but for the Condemnation and the related prepayment of such Leasehold Mortgagee's loan; and (2) the Condemnation Award was directly or indirectly increased by such fee or charge.

14.3.2 **Costs and Expenses.** To reimburse Landlord and Tenant (subject to the rights of Leasehold Mortgagees) for their actual costs and expenses, including Legal Costs, incurred in the Substantial Condemnation and determining and collecting the Condemnation Award.

14.3.3 **Tenant's Claim.** Tenant shall, subject to the rights of Leasehold Mortgagees, receive such portion of the Condemnation Award as shall equal the lesser of (a) all sums secured by all Leasehold Mortgages; and (b) the Market Value of the Facility at the Condemnation Effective Date.

14.3.4 **Landlord's Claim.** Landlord shall, subject to the rights of Fee Mortgagees, receive such portion of the Condemnation Award as shall equal the Market Value of the Land, at the Condemnation Effective Date.

14.3.5 **Landlord's Residual Claim.** Landlord shall, subject to the rights of Fee Mortgagees, receive the entire remaining Condemnation Award.

14.4 **Insubstantial Condemnation.** If an Insubstantial Condemnation occurs after the Commencement Date, then any Condemnation Award(s) shall be paid to Depository and applied first toward Restoration, in the same manner as Restoration after

Casualty. Whether or not the Condemnation Award is adequate, Tenant shall, at its expense, Restore in compliance with this Lease. After Tenant has completed and fully paid for Restoration, any remaining Condemnation Award shall be distributed to Landlord and Tenant as if it arose from a Substantial Condemnation that affected only the part of the Premises taken, with an equitable allocation of all elements taken into account in determining such distribution.

14.5 Temporary Condemnation. If a Temporary Condemnation occurs (a) no Rent shall abate; (b) this Lease shall not terminate or be impaired; and (c) Tenant shall receive any Condemnation Award (to the extent for periods within the Term), without affecting Tenant's obligations in any way.

14.6 Use of Loss Proceeds.

14.6.1 Assignment to Depository. All Loss Proceeds shall be paid to Depository, to be disbursed by Depository, subject to the terms of the Senior Leasehold Mortgage and this Lease. If Landlord receives any Loss Proceeds, Landlord shall promptly remit them to Depository.

14.6.2 Immaterial Loss. If a Loss is an Immaterial Loss, then (subject to the terms of the Leasehold Mortgage on disbursement of Loss Proceeds to Restore) the Depository shall release all Loss Proceeds to Tenant, to be applied first to Restoration.

14.6.3 Material Loss. If a Loss is not an Immaterial Loss, then Depository shall retain the Loss Proceeds and pay them over to Tenant from time to time, upon the following terms, for Restoration. Depository shall first reimburse Landlord and Tenant from such Loss Proceeds for their actual, necessary, and proper costs and expenses in collecting such Loss Proceeds. Depository shall release Loss Proceeds to Tenant from time to time as Restoration progresses in accordance with the procedures required by the Leasehold Mortgagee. If no Leasehold Mortgage exists, then Depository shall disburse the Loss Proceeds from time to time pursuant to normal and customary disbursement procedures consistent with this Lease, but excluding any requirement for a guaranty, bond, security, or other credit enhancement or credit support measures.

14.6.4 Loss Proceeds in Trust. Until Tenant has completed and paid for Restoration, Tenant shall hold all Loss Proceeds in trust to be used first to Restore and for no other purpose. If any Prohibited Lien is filed against the Premises, Tenant shall not be entitled to receive any further installment of Loss Proceeds until Tenant has satisfied, bonded, or otherwise discharged such Prohibited Lien when and as this Lease requires.

14.6.5 Remaining Loss Proceeds. When Tenant has completed and paid for Restoration, Depository shall release to Tenant, and Tenant may retain (subject to rights of Leasehold Mortgagees) any remaining Loss Proceeds.

14.6.6 **Insufficient Restoration Funds.** If Restoration Funds are insufficient to Restore, then Tenant shall nevertheless Restore at its expense. Depository shall not release any Loss Proceeds until and unless Tenant has expended on such Restoration an amount equal to any such insufficiency.

14.7 **Disputes.**

14.7.1 **Good Faith Negotiations.** Except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Lease, before submitting any dispute about a Loss (including its characterization), Restoration, timing of Restoration, Loss Proceeds, Restoration Funds, or the use of such proceeds or funds to dispute resolution or litigation, the presidents, vice presidents, or authorized delegates from both Landlord and Tenant having full authority to settle the dispute shall personally meet in Hawaii and attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute (“**Management Meeting**”). Landlord and Tenant shall endeavor to hold the Management Meeting within thirty (30) days after the date of a request for a Management Meeting. Landlord and Tenant shall not file a complaint or initiate other formal dispute resolution proceedings until ninety (90) days after the date of a request for a Management Meeting, except as might be necessary to preserve a right or claim that would expire during the ninety-day period.

15. **LANDLORD’S TRANSFERS**

15.1 **Landlord’s Right to Convey.** Landlord may Transfer the Fee Estate from time to time. Landlord will promptly Notify Tenant of a Transfer.

15.2 **Release of Landlord.** Upon any Transfer of the entire Fee Estate in compliance with this Lease, the grantor shall be automatically freed and relieved from all liability (excluding liability previously accrued) for performance of any covenants or obligations to be performed by Landlord after the Transfer, provided that such successor Landlord assumes Landlord’s past, present, and future obligations under this Lease. This Lease shall bind Landlord only while Landlord owns the Fee Estate, except as to any liabilities and obligations accrued before the date of Transfer of the Fee Estate.

16. **TENANT’S TRANSFERS**

16.1 **Tenant’s Limited Right.** Tenant may only Transfer this Lease to an assignee of all of the rights and obligations of the Seller under the Power Purchase Agreement. Tenant may not Transfer this Lease to any other Person, and any such Transfer shall be void. Any permitted assignee of Tenant shall assume all obligations and liabilities of Tenant under this Lease. Tenant shall pay all transfer and other taxes payable on account of any Transfer by Tenant or any holder of any Equity Interest in Tenant. Tenant shall promptly Notify Landlord of any Transfer. No Transfer shall affect any obligations of Tenant or rights of Landlord under this Lease.

16.2 **Subleases.** Tenant shall not enter into or Modify any Sublease, without Landlord's prior consent which may be withheld in Landlord's sole discretion. No Sublease shall affect any obligations of Tenant or rights of Landlord under this Lease, all of which shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding any Sublease. Any Sublease shall expire no later than one hour before the Expiration Date. The fact that any Subtenant causes any Default shall not relieve Tenant of Tenant's obligation to cure it. Tenant shall take all steps reasonable and necessary to prevent any such Default.

16.3 **Conditions to Effectiveness of Certain Transactions.** No assignment of this Lease or Sublease shall be effective or have any validity unless and until such assignment or Sublease otherwise complies with this Lease and Landlord has received: (a) in the case of an assignment, an executed counterpart of the assignment and an assumption of this Lease by the assignee, in recordable form, effective as of the date of assignment; (b) in the case of a Sublease, a copy of the executed Sublease complying with this Lease; and (c) Notice of the assignee or Subtenant.

17. LEASEHOLD MORTGAGE

17.1 **Leasehold Mortgage.** Provided that any Monetary Default or material Nonmonetary Default has been, or simultaneously is, cured, Tenant may grant a Leasehold Mortgage to a Financing Party under the Power Purchase Agreement in connection with a permitted financing under the Power Purchase Agreement.

17.2 **Leasehold Mortgagee's Remedies.** Without Landlord's consent, at any time (a) any Leasehold Mortgagee may initiate and complete any Foreclosure Event and exercise any other rights and remedies against Tenant and the Leasehold Estate (but not the Fee Estate) under its Leasehold Mortgage; and (b) any transferee through a Foreclosure Event, and its successors and assigns, may assign this Lease to a Person who simultaneously assumes all of the rights and obligations of the Seller under the Power Purchase Agreement.

17.3 **Lease Impairments.** Any Lease Impairment made without Leasehold Mortgagee's consent shall (at Leasehold Mortgagee's option) be null, void, and of no force or effect, and not bind Tenant, Leasehold Mortgagee, or New Tenant.

17.4 **Notices.** Any Notice of Default from Landlord to Tenant shall have no effect unless Landlord gives a copy to Leasehold Mortgagee. If any Default occurs for which Landlord intends to exercise any remedy, Landlord shall promptly give Leasehold Mortgagee a Notice of Default.

17.5 **Right to Cure; Indemnity.** Any Leasehold Mortgagee shall have the right, but not the obligation, to perform any obligation of Tenant under this Lease and to cure any Default. Landlord shall accept performance by or at the instigation of a Leasehold Mortgagee in fulfillment of Tenant's obligations, for the account of Tenant and with the

same force and effect as if performed by Tenant, provided that such performance is rendered within the cure period that applies to a Leasehold Mortgagee under this Lease.

17.5.1 Opportunity to Cure. Landlord shall accept Leasehold Mortgagee's cure of any Default at any time until 90 days after Leasehold Mortgagee has received the Notice of Default for that Default. If Leasehold Mortgagee cannot reasonably cure any Nonmonetary Default within Leasehold Mortgagee's cure period under the preceding sentence, it shall have such further time as it reasonably needs so long as it proceeds with the diligence expected of an experienced independent power producer willing and able to exert commercially reasonable efforts to achieve such cure. If Leasehold Mortgagee cannot reasonably cure a Default without possession, or if any Tenant-Specific Default(s) occur(s), Leasehold Mortgagee shall be entitled to such additional time as it reasonably needs to consummate a Foreclosure Event and obtain possession, provided Leasehold Mortgagee timely exercises its cure rights for all other Defaults. If Leasehold Mortgagee consummates a Foreclosure Event, Landlord shall waive all Tenant-Specific Defaults, provided that all other Defaults are cured.

17.5.2 Indemnity for Cure Activities. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, if any Leasehold Mortgagee (or a representative of Leasehold Mortgagee) desires to enter the Premises to cure any Default, then by entering the Premises, such Leasehold Mortgagee shall be deemed to have agreed to Indemnify Landlord in the same manner as this Lease requires Tenant to Indemnify Landlord, but solely regarding direct damages that Landlord suffers as a result of any acts or omissions of such Leasehold Mortgagee or its representative on or in the Premises in seeking to cure any such Default.

17.6 Cure Rights Implementation. Whenever Leasehold Mortgagee's time to cure a Default or consummate a Foreclosure Event has not expired, Landlord shall not terminate this Lease, accelerate any Rent, or otherwise interfere with Tenant's or Leasehold Mortgagee's possession and quiet enjoyment of the Leasehold Estate. Leasehold Mortgagee may enter the Premises to seek to cure a Default. This right or its exercise shall not be deemed to give Leasehold Mortgagee possession.

17.7 New Lease. If this Lease terminates for any reason (except with Leasehold Mortgagee's consent or because of a Total Loss), even if Leasehold Mortgagee failed to timely exercise its cure rights for a Default, Landlord shall promptly give Leasehold Mortgagee a Lease Termination Notice. By giving notice to Landlord on or before the day that is 30 days after Leasehold Mortgagee receives Landlord's Lease Termination Notice, Leasehold Mortgagee may require Landlord to promptly enter into a New Lease with New Tenant. Landlord need not do so, however, unless New Tenant has, consistent with the Lease Termination Notice: (a) cured all reasonably curable Defaults (except Tenant-Specific Defaults); and (b) reimbursed Landlord's reasonable costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses) to terminate this Lease, recover the Premises, and enter into the New Lease.

17.8 New Lease Implementation. If Leasehold Mortgagee timely requests a New Lease in conformity with this Lease, then from the date this Lease terminates until the parties execute and deliver a New Lease, Landlord shall not: (a) operate the Premises in an unreasonable manner; (b) terminate Sublease(s) except for the Subtenant's default; or (c) lease any Premises except to New Tenant. When the parties sign a New Lease, Landlord shall transfer to New Tenant all Subleases (including any security deposits Landlord held), service contracts, Premises operations, and net income Landlord collected from the Premises during the period described in the previous sentence, and Landlord shall cause every Fee Mortgagee to subordinate unconditionally to the New Lease.

17.9 Certain Proceedings. If Landlord or Tenant initiates any mediation, litigation, or other dispute resolution proceeding affecting this Lease, then the parties shall simultaneously Notify Leasehold Mortgagee. Leasehold Mortgagee may participate in such proceedings on Tenant's behalf, or exercise any or all of Tenant's rights in such proceedings, in each case (at Leasehold Mortgagee's option) to the exclusion of Tenant. No settlement shall be effective without Leasehold Mortgagee's consent, unless Tenant simultaneously pays the settlement and the claimant has released (or does not assert) any claim against Leasehold Mortgagee.

17.10 No Merger. If the Leasehold Estate and the Fee Estate are ever commonly held, they shall remain separate and distinct estates (and not merge) without Leasehold Mortgagee's and Fee Mortgagee's consent.

17.11 No Personal Liability. No Leasehold Mortgagee or New Tenant shall ever have any liability under this Lease beyond its interest in this Lease, even if it becomes Tenant or assumes this Lease. Any such liability shall terminate if and when any such Tenant assigns (and the assignee assumes) or abandons this Lease (or a New Lease).

17.12 Multiple Leasehold Mortgages. If at any time multiple Leasehold Mortgagees exist: (a) any consent by or notice to Leasehold Mortgagee refers to all Leasehold Mortgagees; (b) except under clause (a), the most senior Leasehold Mortgagee may exercise all rights of Leasehold Mortgagee(s), to the exclusion of junior Leasehold Mortgagee(s); (c) to the extent that the most senior Leasehold Mortgagee declines to do so, any other Leasehold Mortgagee may exercise those rights, in order of priority; and (d) if Leasehold Mortgagees do not agree on priorities, a written determination of priority issued by a title insurance company licensed in the State (or such insurer's designated authorized title agent, e.g. Title Guaranty of Hawaii, Inc.), selected by Landlord in its sole discretion, shall govern.

17.13 Further Assurances. Upon request from Tenant or any Leasehold Mortgagee (prospective or current), Landlord shall promptly, under documentation reasonably satisfactory to the requesting party: (a) agree directly with Leasehold Mortgagee that it may exercise against Landlord all Leasehold Mortgagee's rights in this Lease; and (b) certify (subject to any then-existing exception reasonably specified) that

this Lease is in full force and effect, that no Lease Impairment has occurred, that to Landlord's knowledge no Default exists, the date through which Rent has been paid, and other similar matters as reasonably requested.

17.14 **Miscellaneous.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, Leasehold Mortgagee may: (a) exercise its rights through an affiliate, assignee, designee, nominee, subsidiary, or other Person, acting in its own name or in Leasehold Mortgagee's name (and anyone acting under this clause (a) shall automatically have the same protections, rights, and limitations of liability as Leasehold Mortgagee); (b) refrain from curing any Default; (c) abandon such cure at any time; or (d) withhold consent or approval for any reason or no reason, except where this Lease states otherwise. Any such consent or approval must be written. To the extent any mortgagee's rights under this Lease apply after this Lease terminates, they shall survive such termination.

18. QUIET ENJOYMENT; TITLE TO CERTAIN PREMISES; CERTAIN AGREEMENTS

18.1 **Quiet Enjoyment.** So long as this Lease has not been terminated, Landlord covenants that Tenant shall and may peaceably and quietly have, hold, and enjoy the Premises for the Term, subject to the terms of this Lease, without molestation, hindrance, or disturbance by or from Landlord or anyone claiming by or through Landlord or having title to the Premises paramount to Landlord, and free of any encumbrance created or suffered by Landlord, except Permitted Exceptions.

18.2 **Access and Inspection.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, Landlord and its agents, representatives, and designees may enter the Premises upon reasonable Notice to: (a) ascertain whether Tenant is complying with this Lease and the Power Purchase Agreement; (b) cure Tenant's Defaults; (c) inspect the Premises and any Construction; (d) perform such tests, borings, and other analyses as Landlord determines may be necessary or appropriate relating to (non)compliance with any Law or possible Hazardous Substances Discharge; or (e) show the Premises to a prospective Transferee or Fee Mortgagee. In entering the Premises, Landlord and its designees shall not unreasonably interfere with operations on the Premises and shall comply with Tenant's reasonable instructions. Landlord shall Indemnify Tenant against any claims arising from Landlord's entry upon the Premises (except upon termination of this Lease or an Event of Default).

18.3 **Title.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, all Improvements located in, on, or at the Premises or otherwise constituting part of the Premises shall during the Term be owned by, and belong to, Tenant. All benefits and burdens of ownership of the foregoing, including title, depreciation, tax credits, and all other tax items, shall be and remain in Tenant during the Term.

19. EVENTS OF DEFAULT; REMEDIES

19.1 **Definition of “Event of Default.”** An “Event of Default” means the occurrence of any one or more of the following:

19.1.1 **Monetary Default.** If a Monetary Default occurs and continues for 30 days after Notice from Landlord, specifying in reasonable detail the amount of money not paid and the nature and calculation of each such payment.

19.1.2 **Prohibited Liens.** If Tenant fails to comply with any obligation regarding Prohibited Liens and does not remedy such failure within 15 days after Notice from Landlord.

19.1.3 **Power Purchase Agreement.** If a Default by Tenant occurs under the Power Purchase Agreement, which continues beyond any cure or grace period allowed under the Power Purchase Agreement.

19.1.4 **Bankruptcy or Insolvency.** If Tenant ceases to do business as a going concern, ceases to pay its debts as they become due or admits in writing that it is unable to pay its debts as they become due, or becomes subject to any Bankruptcy Proceeding (except an involuntary Bankruptcy Proceeding dismissed within 180 days after commencement), or a custodian or trustee is appointed to take possession of, or an attachment, execution or other judicial seizure is made with respect to, substantially all of Tenant’s assets or Tenant’s interest in this Lease (unless such appointment, attachment, execution, or other seizure was involuntary and is contested with diligence and continuity and vacated and discharged within 180 days).

19.1.5 **Nonmonetary Default.** If any other Nonmonetary Default occurs and Tenant does not cure it within 30 days after Notice from Landlord describing it in reasonable detail, or, in the case of a Nonmonetary Default that cannot with due diligence be cured within 30 days from such Notice, if Tenant shall not (a) within 30 days from Landlord’s Notice advise Landlord of Tenant’s intention to take all reasonable steps to cure such Nonmonetary Default; (b) duly commence such cure within such period, and then diligently prosecute such cure to completion; and (c) complete such cure within a reasonable time under the circumstances (not necessarily limited to 30 days).

19.2 **Remedies.** If an Event of Default occurs, then Landlord shall, at Landlord’s option, have any or all of the following remedies, all cumulative (so exercise of one remedy shall not preclude exercise of another remedy), in addition to such other remedies as may be available at law or in equity or under any other terms of this Lease. Landlord’s remedies include:

19.2.1 **Termination of Tenant’s Rights.** Landlord may terminate Tenant’s right to possess the Premises by any lawful means, in which case this Lease and

the Term shall terminate, such date of termination shall be the Expiration Date, and Tenant shall immediately surrender possession to Landlord.

19.2.2 **Taking Possession.** Landlord may re-enter and take possession of the Premises with process of law, whether by summary proceedings or otherwise, and remove Tenant, with or without having terminated this Lease, and without thereby being liable for damages or guilty of trespass. This is intended to constitute an express right of re-entry by Landlord. Except as expressly provided in this Lease or prohibited by Law, Tenant, for and on behalf of itself and all persons claiming by, through or under Tenant, expressly waives any right to service of notice of intention to re-enter provided in any Law and any and all right of redemption provided by any Law, or re-entry or repossession or to restore the operation of this Lease if Tenant is dispossessed by a judgment or by writ of any court or judge or in case of re-entry or repossession by Landlord or any expiration or termination of this Lease. No re-entry by Landlord, whether had or taken under summary proceedings or otherwise, shall absolve or discharge Tenant from liability under this Lease. The terms “enter,” “re-enter,” “entry,” and “re-entry,” as used in this Lease, are not restricted to their technical legal meanings.

19.2.3 **Suits Before Expiration Date.** Landlord may sue for damages or to recover Rent from time to time at Landlord’s election.

19.2.4 **Receipt of Moneys.** No receipt of money by Landlord from Tenant after termination of this Lease, or after the giving of any notice of termination of this Lease, shall reinstate, continue, or extend this Lease or affect any notice theretofore given to Tenant, or waive Landlord’s right to enforce payment of any Rent payable or later falling due, or Landlord’s right to recover possession by proper remedy, except as this Lease expressly states otherwise, it being agreed that after service of notice to terminate this Lease or the commencement of suit or summary proceedings, or after final order or judgment for possession, Landlord may demand, receive, and collect any moneys due or thereafter falling due without in any manner affecting such notice, proceeding, order, suit or judgment, all such moneys collected being deemed payments on account of use and occupation or, at Landlord’s election, on account of Tenant’s liability.

19.2.5 **No Waiver.** No failure by Landlord to insist upon strict performance of any covenant, agreement, term, or condition of this Lease or to exercise any right or remedy upon a Default, and no acceptance of full or partial Rent during continuance of any such Default, shall waive any such Default or such covenant, agreement, term, or condition. No covenant, agreement, term, or condition of this Lease to be performed or complied with by Tenant, and no Default, shall be Modified except by a written instrument executed by Landlord. No waiver of any Default shall Modify this Lease. Each and every covenant, agreement, term, and condition of this Lease shall continue in full force and effect with respect to any other then-existing or subsequent Default of such covenant, agreement, term or condition of this Lease.

19.2.6 **Security Devices.** Landlord may change the locks and other security devices providing admittance to the Premises.

19.2.7 **Conditional Limitation.** Landlord may serve upon Tenant a written 30-day notice of cancellation and termination of this Lease. Upon the expiration of such 30-day period, this Lease and the Term shall automatically and without any action by anyone terminate, expire, and come to an end, by the mere lapse of time, as fully and completely as if the expiration of such 30-day period were the Expiration Date. The passage of such 30-day period constitutes the limit beyond which Tenant's tenancy no longer exists. Tenant shall then quit and surrender the Premises to Landlord but remain liable as this Lease provides. It is a conditional limitation of this Lease that the Term shall terminate and expire as set forth in this paragraph. This paragraph is intended to establish a conditional limitation and not a condition subsequent. Nothing in this paragraph shall limit Landlord's right to commence and prosecute a summary possession proceeding under Chapter 666 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes.

19.2.8 **Damages.** Landlord may recover from Tenant all damages Landlord incurs by reason of Tenant's Default, including reasonable costs of recovering possession, reletting the Premises, and any and all other damages legally recoverable by Landlord, and reimbursement of Landlord's reasonable out of pocket costs, including Legal Costs and bank fees for dishonored checks. Such damages shall include, at Landlord's election, either (a) the present value, calculated at a discount rate equal to the then-current Prime Rate of the excess of the total Fixed Rent under this Lease over the fair market rental value of the Premises for the balance of the Term; or (b) the Rent payable to Landlord provided for in this Lease, when and as due and payable under this Lease, less (in the case of this clause (b) only) Landlord's actual proceeds of reletting less Landlord's actual reasonable costs of reletting. Landlord may recover such damages at any time after Tenant's default, including after expiration of the Term. Notwithstanding any Law to the contrary, (x) Landlord need not commence separate actions to enforce Tenant's obligations for each month's Rent not paid, or each month's accrual of damages for Tenant's Default, but may bring and prosecute a single combined action for all such Rent and damages; and (y) Landlord may not recover any consequential damages for Tenant's Default.

19.2.9 **Injunction of Breaches.** Whether or not an Event of Default has occurred, Landlord may obtain a court order enjoining Tenant from continuing any Default or from committing any threatened Default. Tenant specifically and expressly acknowledges that damages would not constitute an adequate remedy for any Nonmonetary Default.

19.2.10 **Continue Lease.** Landlord may at Landlord's option maintain Tenant's right to possession. In that case, this Lease shall continue and Landlord may continue to enforce it, including the right to collect Rent when due and any remedies for nonpayment.

19.2.11 **Restoration Funds.** Upon any termination of this Lease, to the extent that Landlord or Depository then holds any Restoration Funds, they shall be applied solely as Landlord directs, including as a payment toward any sums then payable to Landlord.

19.3 **Proceeds of Reletting.** Landlord shall apply any proceeds of any reletting as follows, without duplication, but including Default Interest on all such sums:

19.3.1 **Landlord's Costs.** *First*, to pay to itself the cost and expense of terminating this Lease, re-entering, retaking, repossession, repairing, performing any Construction, and the cost and expense of removing all persons and property therefrom, including in such costs reasonable and customary brokerage commissions and Legal Costs;

19.3.2 **Preparation for Reletting.** *Second*, to pay to itself the cost and expense reasonably sustained in securing any new tenants and other occupants, including in such costs all brokerage commissions, Legal Costs, and any other reasonable costs of preparing the Premises for reletting;

19.3.3 **Costs of Maintenance and Operation.** *Third*, to the extent that Landlord shall maintain and operate the Premises, to pay to itself the reasonable cost and expense of doing so; and

19.3.4 **Residue.** *Fourth*, to pay to itself any balance remaining on account of Tenant's liability to Landlord.

19.4 **Tenant's Late Payments; Late Charges.** If Tenant fails to make any payment to Landlord required under this Lease within 10 days after such payment is first due and payable, then in addition to any other remedies of Landlord, and without reducing or adversely affecting any of Landlord's other rights and remedies, Tenant shall pay Landlord within 10 days after demand Default Interest on such late payment, beginning on the date such payment was first due and payable and continuing until the date when Tenant actually makes such payment. In addition, and without limiting any other rights or remedies of Landlord, Tenant shall pay Landlord, as Additional Rent, an administrative charge equal to 3% of any payment that Tenant fails to pay within 10 days after such payment is first due and payable. Such administrative charge is intended to compensate Landlord for the inconvenience and staff time incurred by Landlord to handle the late or missed payment, shall not be deemed a penalty or compensation for use of funds, and shall not be credited against any other obligations of Tenant under this Lease.

19.5 **Landlord's Right to Cure.** If Tenant at any time fails to make any payment or take any action this Lease requires, then Landlord, after 10 Business Days' Notice to Tenant, or in an emergency with such notice (if any) as is reasonably practicable under the circumstances, and without waiving or releasing Tenant from any obligation or Default and without waiving Landlord's right to take such action as this Lease may

permit as a result of such Default, may (but need not) make such payment or take such action. Tenant shall reimburse Landlord, as Additional Rent, for an amount equal to (a) all reasonable sums paid, and reasonable costs and expenses (including Legal Costs) incurred, by Landlord in exercising its cure rights under this paragraph; and (b) Default Interest on (a).

19.6 Holding Over. If for any reason or no reason Tenant remains in the Premises after the Expiration Date, or fails to remove Improvements required to be removed after the Removal Period under Section 20.2, then Landlord will suffer injury that is substantial, difficult, or impossible to measure accurately. Therefore, if Tenant remains in the Premises after the Expiration Date or fails to remove Improvements required to be removed after the Removal Period under Section 20.2, for any reason or no reason, then in addition to any other rights or remedies of Landlord, Tenant shall pay to Landlord, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, for each month (prorated daily for partial months) during which Tenant holds over after the Expiration Date, a sum equal to: \$_____ times the CPI Adjustment Factor, together with all Additional Rent owed for such period.

19.7 Waivers. Landlord and Tenant irrevocably waive all rights to trial by jury in any action, proceeding, counterclaim, or other litigation arising out of or relating to this Lease, the relationship of Landlord and Tenant regarding the Premises, enforcement of this Lease, Tenant's use or occupancy of the Premises, any claim of injury or damage arising between Landlord and Tenant, or any actions of Landlord in connection with or relating to the enforcement of this Lease. Tenant waives any right of redemption provided for by Law. Tenant waives any right to interpose any counterclaim in any action by Landlord to enforce this Lease or Landlord's rights and remedies under this Lease.

19.8 Accord and Satisfaction; Partial Payments. No payment by Tenant or receipt by Landlord of a lesser amount than the amount owed under this Lease shall be deemed to be other than a partial payment on account by Tenant. Any endorsement or statement on any check or letter accompanying any check or payment of Rent shall not be deemed an accord or satisfaction. Landlord may accept any such check or payment without prejudice to Landlord's right to recover the balance of such Rent or pursue any other remedy.

19.9 Miscellaneous. Landlord and Tenant further agree as follows with respect to any Defaults and Landlord's rights and remedies.

19.9.1 Survival. No termination of this Lease and no taking possession of or reletting the Premises shall relieve Tenant of its liabilities and obligations hereunder, all of which shall survive such expiration, termination, repossession, or reletting, but subject to any limitations on personal liability or recourse in this Lease.

19.9.2 **Multiple Suits.** Landlord may sue to recover damages, or sum(s) equal to any installment(s) of Rent payable by Tenant, from time to time at Landlord's election. Nothing in this Lease requires Landlord to await the date when this Lease or the Term would have expired absent an Event of Default and a resulting termination of this Lease.

19.9.3 **Receipt of Monies.** Unless such payment shall fully cure all Monetary Defaults, no receipt of moneys by Landlord from Tenant after the giving of a termination notice or a notice to obtain possession, or after the retaking of possession by Landlord as aforesaid, shall reinstate, continue, or extend the Term or affect any notice previously given to Tenant, waive Landlord's right to enforcement of Rent payable by Tenant or thereafter falling due, or waive Landlord's right to recover possession of the Premises. After the service of any such notice, or commencement of any suit or summary proceedings, or after a final order or judgment for possession of the Premises, Landlord may demand, receive, and collect any moneys due or thereafter falling due without in any manner affecting such notice, proceeding, order, suit, or judgment, unless such payments fully cure all Monetary Defaults. Any sums so collected (without thereby curing all Monetary Defaults) shall instead be deemed payments on account of use and occupation of the Premises or, at Landlord's election, to have been made on account of Tenant's liability under this Lease.

19.9.4 **No Double Recovery.** In no event shall Landlord be entitled, directly or indirectly, to recover twice for the same element of Landlord's damages.

20. END OF TERM

20.1 **Improvements.** Upon the termination of this Lease, at Landlord's option (a) all Improvements shall become Landlord's property; or (b) Tenant shall remove all Improvements at no cost to Landlord, and shall leave the Land in a clean and orderly condition free of all debris. Landlord shall Notify Tenant of Landlord's election to have Tenant remove the Improvements not later than ninety (90) days before the Expiration Date.

20.2 **Tenant's Removal of Improvements.** If Tenant is required to remove the Improvements upon termination of the Lease, Tenant shall have reasonable access to the Premises for a period of up to six (6) months after the Expiration Date to dismantle, pack and remove the Improvements from the Premises (the "**Removal Period**"). Tenant shall work promptly and diligently to remove the Improvements. The Removal Period shall end upon Tenant's completion of removal of the Improvements from the Premises. If Tenant fails to remove the Improvements within the Removal Period, the Holding Over provisions of Section 19.6 of this Lease shall apply. The terms and provisions of this Lease shall apply during the Removal Period, including Tenant's obligations to provide insurance and to Indemnify Landlord.

20.3 Landlord's Removal of Improvements. If Landlord determines that Tenant is not making diligent efforts to remove the Improvements, Landlord shall Notify Tenant of Landlord's intention to remove the Improvements at Tenant's cost. If 30 days after such notice to Tenant Landlord in its reasonable judgment continues to believe Tenant is not diligently removing the Improvements, Landlord may remove the Improvements at Tenant's cost.

20.4 Actions Upon Surrender. Upon the later of (a) any Expiration Date and (b) the expiration of the Removal Period:

20.4.1 Condition of Premises. Tenant shall deliver to Landlord possession of the Premises, in the condition this Lease requires, subject to any Loss that this Lease does not require Tenant to Restore.

20.4.2 Surrender of Premises. Tenant shall surrender any right, title, or interest in and to the Premises and deliver such evidence and confirmation thereof as Landlord reasonably requires.

20.4.3 Free and Clear. Tenant shall deliver the Premises free and clear of all: (a) Subleases, and (b) liens except (i) liens that Landlord or any of its agents caused, or (ii) the recorded title exceptions affecting the Fee Estate that are prior to this Lease as of the Commencement Date and listed as exceptions in Tenant's leasehold policy of title insurance for this Lease.

20.4.4 Assignment of Rights. Tenant shall assign to Landlord, without recourse, and give Landlord copies or originals of, all assignable licenses, permits, contracts, warranties, and guarantees then in effect for the Premises.

20.4.5 Orderly Transition. The parties shall cooperate to achieve an orderly transition of operations from Tenant to Landlord without interruption, including delivery of such books and records (or copies thereof) as Landlord reasonably requires.

20.4.6 Real Estate Taxes. The parties shall adjust for Real Estate Taxes and all other expenses and income of the Premises and any prepaid Rent and shall make such payments as shall be appropriate on account of such adjustment in the same manner as for a sale of the Premises (but any sums otherwise payable to Tenant shall first be applied to cure any Default).

20.4.7 Memorandum of Lease. The parties shall terminate the Memorandum of Lease.

20.4.8 Deposits. Tenant shall assign to Landlord, and Landlord shall reimburse Tenant for, all utility and other service provider deposits for the Premises.

21. NOTICES

21.1 Special Notices. All Notices of Default, Renewal Notices, and similar substantive Notices shall be in writing and addressed to Landlord and Tenant (and their designated copy recipients), and shall be deemed given to a party when (a) delivered to the appropriate address by hand or by nationally recognized overnight courier service (costs prepaid); (b) sent by facsimile confirmation of transmission by the transmitting equipment; or (c) received or rejected by the addressee, if sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, in each case to the following addresses, facsimile numbers or e-mail addresses and marked to the attention of the person (by name or title) designated below (or to such other address, facsimile number, e-mail address or Person as a party may designate by notice to the other party):

Landlord: Maui Electric Company, Limited
Central Pacific Plaza
220 South King Street, Suite 2100
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813
Attention: Director Energy Procurement
E-mail:

With a copy to:
Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc.
P.O. Box 2750
Honolulu, Hawaii 96840
Attention: Legal Department
E-mail: legalnotices@hawaiianelectric.com

Tenant: _____

Attention: _____
Telephone No.: (____)
Facsimile No.: (____)
E-mail:

21.2 Ordinary Notices. Notices in the ordinary course of business with respect to this Lease (for example for the regular payment of Rent under this Lease as opposed to late payments) shall be in writing and addressed to Landlord and Tenant as provided in the foregoing paragraph, and may be sent by first class mail or e-mail, in which case they shall be deemed delivered three Business Days after deposit in the United States mail, provided that no postal strike (or other event likely to disrupt postal service) is then in effect.

21.3 **Change of Address.** Either party may change its address by Notice in compliance with this Lease. Notice of such a change shall be effective only upon receipt.

21.4 **Acknowledgment; Notice by Counsel.** Any party giving a Notice may request the recipient to acknowledge receipt of such Notice. The recipient shall promptly comply with any such request, but failure to do so shall not limit the effectiveness of any Notice. Any attorney may give any Notice on behalf of its client.

22. NONRECOURSE

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, the liability under this Lease of Landlord and its parent, subsidiary(ies), or affiliated corporations or other entities, for damages or otherwise, shall be enforceable against, and shall not extend beyond, their interests in the Premises (including the proceeds thereof). No property or assets whatsoever, except Landlord's interest in the Premises (including the proceeds thereof), shall be subject to levy, execution or any other enforcement procedure for the satisfaction of any remedies (monetary or otherwise) of the other party arising under or in connection with this Lease. The limitation of liability and limitation of remedy in this paragraph shall not apply in any way to, and shall not be construed to limit or preclude, personal liability (if any) arising under any Supplementary Agreement. No shareholder, officer, member, manager, director, agent, or employee of Tenant or Landlord shall have any liability under this Lease, but this shall not limit any liability arising under the express terms of any Supplementary Agreement. (This Lease sometimes refers to this paragraph as the "**Nonrecourse Clause.**")

23. ADDITIONAL DELIVERIES; THIRD PARTIES

23.1 **Estoppel Certificates.** Up to twice a year, each party to this Lease (a "**Requesting Party**") may require the other party (a "**Certifying Party**") to execute, acknowledge, and deliver to the Requesting Party (or directly to a designated third party) up to four original counterparts of an Estoppel Certificate. The Certifying Party shall sign, acknowledge, and return such Estoppel Certificate within 15 days after request, even if the Requesting Party is in Default. Any Estoppel Certificate shall bind the Certifying Party.

23.2 **Further Assurances.** Each party shall execute and deliver such further documents, and perform such further acts, as may be reasonably necessary to achieve the parties' intent in entering into this Lease.

23.3 **Memorandum of Lease.** Upon request by either, the parties shall promptly execute, acknowledge, and deliver duplicate originals of a Memorandum of Lease. Either party may record such Memorandum of Lease. Any taxes and fees imposed upon such recording shall be paid by Tenant. If the parties amend this Lease, then the parties shall have the same rights and obligations regarding a memorandum of such amendment as they do for the Memorandum of Lease.

23.4 **Modification.** Any Modification of this Lease must be in writing signed by the party to be bound.

23.5 **Successors and Assigns.** This Lease shall bind and benefit Landlord and Tenant and their successors and assigns, but this shall not limit or supersede any Transfer restrictions.

23.6 **No Third-Party Beneficiaries.** Nothing in this Lease confers on any Person (except Landlord, Tenant, Leasehold Mortgagees, and Fee Mortgagees) any right to insist upon, or to enforce against Landlord or Tenant, the performance or observance by either party of its obligations under this Lease.

24. GUARANTY

24.1 **Guaranty.** Concurrently with the execution and delivery of this Lease, Tenant shall deliver to Landlord a Guaranty in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit D** executed by Guarantor and acknowledged.

25. ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL ITEMS

25.1 **Discovery of Items.** In the event any human remains, artifacts, historical items, or any of them (collectively the “**Discovered Items**”) are discovered on the Premises, Tenant shall, at Tenant’s sole expense and subject to the approval of Landlord, be responsible to: (a) cause all excavation in the immediate area which may damage the Discovered Items and the potential historic site to cease; (b) cause the site to be stabilized and secured to temporarily protect the Discovered Items against damage, theft, or both; (c) cause the Discovered Items to be left untouched so that their archaeological or historical context may be accurately documented; and (d) cause the discovery to be reported immediately to Landlord and to Government as required by applicable Laws. If the artifacts or historical items are found without human remains, and leaving the artifacts or historical items in their stabilized and secured site poses a substantial risk of loss or damage to all or part of them, and their removal is therefore necessary, Tenant shall cause such removal and shall cause any tampering with the artifacts, the historical items, and the site to be minimized as much as possible.

25.2 **Human Remains.** In the case of the discovery of human remains, Tenant shall, at Tenant’s sole expense and in addition to the duties set forth in this section, cause to be prepared and executed a mitigation plan acceptable to Landlord and to Government possessing jurisdiction over such matters. Tenant shall also be responsible to obtain written verification that the mitigation plan has been successfully implemented.

25.3 **Landlord’s Reservation.** If any Discovered Items are discovered, then Landlord shall have the right at all reasonable times to enter the Premises for the purposes of searching for, exploring for, and removing any of the Discovered Items for preservation as permitted by Law. All objects, antiquities and specimens of Hawaiian or

other ancient art or handicraft or of prehistoric, historic or archaeological interest found on the Premises belong to and shall remain the property of Landlord.

25.4 Studies by Tenant. In the event any archaeological studies or historic preservation studies are sought to be conducted in or on the Premises, by Tenant or anyone acting by or through Tenant, Tenant shall not permit such studies to be commenced without the prior written consent of Landlord, unless Tenant is required by applicable Law to permit such studies, in which case Landlord's consent shall not be required but Tenant shall provide Landlord with prior Notice of the commencement of such studies and shall advise Landlord of the applicable Law mandating such studies. In any event, Tenant shall upon completion of such studies cause a complete copy of the results of such studies to be provided to Landlord at the earliest opportunity.

26. MISCELLANEOUS

26.1 Confidential Information. Without limitation of the promises in Section 10.12, each party agrees that, except as otherwise provided by applicable Laws, or in connection with proceedings before the State of Hawaii Public Utilities Commission or other governmental body with jurisdiction over the Premises, or in connection with the evaluation for financing of the Premises, or as part of disclosure to its affiliates, attorneys, consultants, and advisers in order to conduct its business or proceedings to enforce this Lease or the Power Purchase Agreement, or to record a Memorandum of Lease under Section 23.3 of this Lease, such party (including its officers, directors, employees, representatives, brokers, attorneys and advisers) shall keep the contents of this Lease and any information related to the Premises, Tenant and the transaction contemplated by this Lease confidential, whether or not marked as "confidential" (collectively, the "**Confidential Information**"). The Confidential Information shall not include any information publicly known, or which becomes publicly known, other than through the acts of a party to the Lease, or any of their respective officers, directors, employees, representatives, brokers, attorneys or advisers. Tenant may retain possession of all or any part of the Confidential Information to the extent such Confidential Information relates solely to the Property and Tenant's operations thereon.

26.2 Costs and Expenses; Legal Costs. In the event of any litigation or dispute between the parties, or claim made by either party against the other, arising from this Lease or the landlord-tenant relationship under this Lease, or Landlord's enforcement of this Lease upon a Default, or to enforce or interpret this Lease or seek declaratory or injunctive relief in connection with this Lease, or to exercise any right or remedy under or arising from this Lease, or to regain or attempt to regain possession of the Premises or terminate this Lease, or in any Bankruptcy Proceeding affecting the other party to this Lease, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reimbursement of its Legal Costs with Default Interest and all other reasonable costs and expenses incurred in enforcing this Lease or curing the other party's default.

26.3 No Consequential Damages. Whenever either party may seek or claim damages against the other party (whether by reason of a breach of this Lease by such party, in enforcement of any indemnity obligation, for misrepresentation or breach of warranty, or otherwise), neither Landlord nor Tenant shall seek, nor shall there be awarded or granted by any court, arbitrator, or other adjudicator, any speculative, consequential, collateral, special, punitive, or indirect damages, whether such breach shall be willful, knowing, intentional, deliberate, or otherwise. The parties intend that any damages awarded to either party shall be limited to actual, direct damages sustained by the aggrieved party. Neither party shall be liable for any loss of profits suffered or claimed to have been suffered by the other.

26.4 No Waiver by Silence. Failure of either party to complain of any act or omission on the part of the other party shall not be deemed a waiver by the noncomplaining party of any of its rights under this Lease. No waiver by either party at any time, express or implied, of any breach of this Lease shall waive such breach or any other breach.

26.5 Performance Under Protest. If a dispute arises about performance of any obligation under this Lease, the party against which such obligation is asserted shall have the right to perform it under protest, which shall not be regarded as voluntary performance. A party that has performed under protest may institute appropriate proceedings to recover any amount paid or the reasonable cost of otherwise complying with any such obligation, with interest at the Prime Rate.

26.6 Survival. All rights and obligations that by their nature are to be performed after any termination of this Lease shall survive any such termination.

26.7 No Broker. Each party: (a) represents and warrants that it did not engage or deal with any broker or finder in connection with this Lease and no person is entitled to any commission or finder's fee on account of any agreement or arrangement made by such party; and (b) shall Indemnify the other party against any breach of such representation.

26.8 Unavoidable Delay. Each party's obligation to perform or observe any nonmonetary obligation under this Lease shall be suspended during such time as such performance or observance is prevented or delayed by Unavoidable Delay.

27. INTERPRETATION, EXECUTION, AND APPLICATION OF LEASE

27.1 Captions. The captions of this Lease are for convenience and reference only. They in no way affect this Lease.

27.2 Counterparts. This Lease may be executed in counterparts.

27.3 **Delivery of Drafts.** Neither party shall be bound by this Lease unless and until such party shall have executed and delivered at least one counterpart of this Lease. The submission of draft(s) or comment(s) on drafts shall bind neither party in any way. Such draft(s) and comment(s) shall not be considered in interpreting this Lease.

27.4 **Entire Agreement.** This Lease contains all terms, covenants, and conditions about the Premises. The parties have no other understandings or agreements, oral or written, about the Premises or Tenant's use or occupancy of, or any interest of Tenant in, the Premises.

27.5 **Governing Law.** This Lease, its interpretation and performance, the relationship between the parties, and any disputes arising from or relating to any of the foregoing, shall be governed, construed, interpreted, and regulated under the laws of the State, without regard to principles of conflict of laws.

27.6 **Partial Invalidity.** If any term or provision of this Lease or its application to any party or circumstance shall to any extent be invalid or unenforceable, then the remainder of this Lease, or the application of such term or provision to persons or circumstances except those as to which it is invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected by such invalidity. All remaining provisions of this Lease shall be valid and be enforced to the fullest extent Law allows.

27.7 **No Party Deemed Drafter.** No inference in favor of or against any party shall be drawn from the fact that such party has drafted any part of this Lease. The parties have both participated substantially in its negotiation, drafting, and revision, with advice from counsel and other advisers.

27.8 **Reasonableness.** Wherever this Lease states that a party shall not unreasonably withhold approval: (a) such approval shall not be unreasonably delayed or conditioned; (b) no withholding of approval shall be deemed reasonable unless withheld by Notice specifying reasonable grounds, in reasonable detail, for such withholding, and indicating specific reasonable changes in the proposal under consideration that would make it acceptable; and (c) if a party grants its consent (or fails to object) to any matter, this shall not waive its rights to require such consent for any further or similar matter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Landlord and Tenant have executed this Lease as of the Commencement Date.

MAUI ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED _____

By _____
Its

By _____
Its

Landlord

Tenant